The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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DAILY GAZETTE.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

—There are now 120 Chinese students in the colleges in New England.

—Another epidemic of Ulsters is predicted for the ensuing winter.

—One day in September the tide in the Thames ebbed so low that navigation was suspended.

—The registration of votes at St. Louis, concluded yesterday, reached nearly 60,000, an increase of almost 15,000.

—E. L. Stanton, son of the late Secretary Stanton, has resigned his position as Attorney for the District of Columbia.

—The business portion of Reynoldsburg, Ohio, including the post-office, was destroyed by fire on Thursday night.

—What frightens the Democrats is the sight of a solid Republican party determined to vote the old ticket once more, anyway.

—An unknown man jumped off the St. Louis bridge yesterday and committed suicide. He left behind his overcoat and $240.

—At Nashville, Tenn., yesterday, Wm. Matlock, a Putnam county postmaster, was sent to the Penitentiary for two and a half years for robbing the mails.

—Both houses of the Vermont Legislature yesterday passed a resolution instructing their Congressmen to use their influence for the repeal of the bankrupt law.

—Jos. J. Brooks, of Philadelphia, for a long time in the Government secret service, has been appointed to succeed Col. Washburne as Chief of the secret service division of the Treasury.

—A Cleveland boy taken to a Catholic church, on seeing a procession of little girls carrying tapers as they passed down one of the aisles, jumped up and shouted, "Hurrah for Hayes!"

—The spiritualists of Tennessee met yesterday in convention at Memphis, Rev. J. M. Peebles presiding, and appointed a committee to draft by-laws and a constitution for a permanent State organization.

—Nearly $3,000,000 have been invested in the new 4½ per cent. loan by eight national banks of Boston. These bonds are used to replace the 6 per cents. heretofore held by the Treasury as security for bank circulation.

—The Commission appointed to treat with the Sioux has completed its labors. The treaty has been signed by all the head chiefs of the different bands, with the section proposing to remove them to the Indian Territory stricken out.

—It is a curious spectacle—that of a Presidential candidate who is forced to announce on the eve of election that if put in office he will not violate the Constitution. It ought to make voters for the other side, and it undoubtedly will.

—Gov. Tilden has helped the Republicans by giving additional meaning to the "solid South" cry. He virtually says: "I admit that the South may have designs on the treasury, but I pledge you I will do all in my power to thwart them."

—An important decision, by which the validity of the Frankfort lottery franchise of J. Smith was established, was decided yesterday at Louisville, by the dismissal of the suit brought by the Attorney General of Kentucky to declare it exhausted.

—This year the Thanksgiving proclamation of the President has a special meaning. He reminds the country in fitting language that it must render thanks for the blessings of not only a year but of a century of existence as a free and independent nation.

—The entire Board of Excise of the city of New York was arrested yesterday on the complaint of liquor dealers, who charge the Board with a violation of the excise law in granting licenses for the sale of spiritous liquors to proprietors of eating houses.

—A Brooklyn private watchman named Mitchell, was murdered in that city on Thursday night. He was found dead and reported at the station house that suspicious characters were about, and recommended increased vigilance on the part of the regular police.

—The Central railroad of New Jersey offers a reward of $1,000 for the arrest and $1,000 for the conviction of the party or parties who misplaced a switch on the night of October 24th, which resulted in the loss of three lives and the wounding of fourteen passengers.

—The whole number of Popes to Pius IX. is 257. Of those 104 have been Romans and 103 natives of other parts of Italy, 15 Frenchmen, 9 Greeks, 7 Germans, 5 Asiatics, 3 Africans, 2 Dalmatians, 3 Spaniards, 1 Hebrew, 1 Thracian, 1 Dutchman, 1 Portugese, 1 Candiot, and 1 Englishman.

—Col. Chester, who has been writing about the peculiarities of Westminster Abbey, has discovered that Major Andre's remains were brought from America and interred in the Abbey in 1821, by direction of the Duke of York. He has investigated the history of Andre's family, and finds that it originated at Nismes.

—Gen. Lew Wallace's tragedy of "Commodus" is finished, and Mr. Lawrence Barrett, who examined it the other day, said to the author: "You have written the best play since Richelieu." It is in five acts, and is founded on the story of Maternus, as related in the first volume of Gibbons's History of Rome and also by De Quincey in his Cæsars.

—Prince Gortschakoff speaks English, French and German, almost as if each were his native tongue; knows the policy, traditions, and popular characteristics of each nation, and is able to calculate in advance the effect of every political movement. He foresaw the final success of our Union arms in 1862, when Lord Russell was comfortably sure of our failure.

—A new and powerful field gun has been tried at Woolwich. It has polygroove rifling, the twist is on "increasing" system, and rotation is imparted by a metal cup screwed on the base, which also acts as a gas check. With an elevation of only 9 degrees, the gun carried a 12-pound shell 4,300 yards; whereas the 16-pounders now in use only carry 4,000 yards at an elevation of 11½ degrees, and the 9-pounders can only carry two miles even at a higher elevation.

—At Fort Smith, Arkansas, yesterday, four murderers, W. N. Edwards and his three sons, were examined and sent to jail by Federal Commissioner Wheeler for the murder of B. Y. Ford, a son-in-law. There are now sixty-eight prisoners in the United States jail. A man known as Bill Jones has died of pneumonia. He made a confession that two years ago he murdered a neighbor sixteen miles from Nashville, and that his right name was Theophilus Williams.

—The interments in Savannah from yellow fever have amounted to 1,300. It is a curious fact that not one full blooded black person has ever been attacked by the plague. The half bloods, and indeed all who had the least taint of white blood in them, have been peculiarly susceptible; but the pure Africans have lived through it safely. Knowing their strength, they have used their blessing benevolently, for in every house, it is said, they are to be found ministering to the wants of those who are suffering. In Savannah, therefore, if no other place else, there ought to be a kind word and grateful treatment of the blacks. But what is the philosophy which will explain their resistance to so fatal and impartial a plague as the yellow fever?—*United Presbyterian.*

Women's Temperance Convention.

NEWARK, N. J., October 27.—The Women's National Christian Temperance Union is in session. About two hundred delegates from Western and other States are present. Miss Willard's report for the year sets forth that there are organizations of Women's Christian Temperance Associations in twenty-three States. Meetings to hear speeches are held nightly. Miss Wallace, of Indiana, yesterday made a speech, as did also Mrs. Lathrop, of Michigan, and Mrs. Leavitt, of Cincinnati. They generally favor arbitrary measures to suppress saloons. To-day resolutions were submitted on Juvenile Work, the Lecture Bureau and Bible Wines. A long discussion took place on a resolution pledging the members of the Convention to abstain from partaking fermented wines at communion service.

Terrific Explosion.

ST. JOHNSBURY, VT., October 27.—This morning at Capron Falls, six miles north of this place, Frank Johnson, of Windham, Me., Charles Putney, of Concord, N. H., and Joseph Heon, of St. Johnsbury, were excavating for a paper mill, and placed some rend rock to dry under a stove in the basement while they were at work on the first floor. The explosive ignited, blew the building, twenty feet square, into kindling wood, and hurled the men skyward. Heon was denuded of clothing and fell with the splinters, and may die. Johnson and Putney may recover. A falling derrick instantly killed E. W. Hawkins, one of the proprietors of the St. Johnsbury Granite Company. Hawkins was thirty-eight years old, and recently married.

Punishing "Hazers."

ANNAPOLIS, October 27.—Cadet Midshipman C. C. Cockle, of Illinois, a third class man, who refused to testify in the investigation of the case of the hazers, has been dismissed from the Naval Academy. This is the ninth cadet dismissed for the same offence within less than two weeks. The cadets inside who witnessed the hazing are just as stubborn as ever not to testify. The whole third class, it still appears, will have to be dismissed. The court of inquiry into the hazing is still in session, and Cadet Midshipman Charles W. Garrett is on trial.

SECOND EDITION

FOREIGN NEWS.

The War in the East.

ARROGANCE OF GENERAL TCHERNAYEFF.

A Moslem Outbreak Threatened in Morocco.

RETURN OF THE BRITISH ARCTIC EXPEDITION.

Severe Cyclone in Central America

THE WAR.

Opposition to Russia's Ascendency.

LONDON, October 27.—The Liberal newspapers of Berlin are almost unanimous in vigorous declarations against the establishment of Russian power in the Turkish provinces. The *Volks Zeitung* urges the propriety of placing reform under England, instead of Russian control.

Religious Agitation

has begun in Morocco, with the object of procuring help for Turkey. The Christians apprehend a Moslem outbreak. The foreign Consuls have communicated with their Governments on the subject. The Russian iron-clad squadron will winter in Italian waters, to be ready to proceed to the Eastin case of need.

According to private dispatches from Constantinople, dated yesterday, the Porte had not then accepted Gen. Ignatieff's proposal for a six weeks' armistice.

The British Fleet in the Mediterranean.

The troop ship Himalaya is preparing to take six companies of Royal Engineers and two of the Transport Corps to join the British Mediterranean fleet. The order was given some days ago, when the aspect of affairs was more threatening than now.

The Armistice.

A dispatch from Berlin says an apparently trustworthy announcement is made that Russia has intimated her willingness to accept the Porte's latest armistice proposal, with certain modifications not calculated to imperil the desired result. The proposal to settle the terms of peace by a conference at which the Porte shall not be represented is opposed by England and Italy.

Russian Arrogance.

BELGRADE, October 27.—The Minister of War wrote to Gen. Tchernayeff complaining of the misconduct of some of the Russian volunteers, and requesting him to prevent a recurrence thereof, otherwise he would make representations to the Czar. Gen. Tchernayeff, exasperated at this action of the Minister, wrote to Prince Milan demanding the removal of M. Nicolich, the Minister. A cabinet council was summoned, in which Prime Minister Ristics supported the War Minister, declared the entire ministry was responsible for his action and said Nicolich resigned, all would resign. Subsequently the Minister of the Interior went to Deligrad to endeavor to compromise with Gen. Tchernayeff. M. Nicolich, however, resigned, and matters now remain in suspense pending the return of the Minister of the Interior. Prince Milan is much irritated at M. Nicholich's resignation and General Tchernayeff's arrogance. The ministry have the support of public opinion in upholding the dignity of the Government. Gen. Tchernayeff's conduct is generally condemned. Gen. Doctoroff has resigned his position as General Tchernayeff's chief of staff, and been appointed commander of the army of the Timok. Gen. Protich, a Servian, replaces him on Tchernayeff's staff.

Austria's Policy.

LONDON, October 28.—A telegram from Vienna reports that Prince Auersperg, President of the Austrian Council replying in the Reichsrath to interpellations on the Eastern question, declared Austria's policy was, above everything, to maintain peace; consequently any aspiration toward the aquisition of foreign territory was out of the question. Count Andrassy could not suffer his policy to be influenced by the interests of different nationalities, but solely by those of the entire empire. He would continue to resolutely strive for the maintenance of peace and the amelioration of the condition of the Christians in Turkey.

The Recent Fighting.

CONSTANTINOPLE, October 27. — The Porte has telegraphed to its agents abroad a summary of the recent fighting and results. The dispatch says the Turks stormed the fortifications on a high mountain, which is considered the key to the Servian position at Deligrad. They carried other entrenchments of less importance, and took Coumik, near the Deligrad bridge, where were the Servian headquarters, occupied Djinimini, a large village beyond Coumik on the road to Krushevara, and stormed several entrenchments. The Servians fled. Their losses are enormous. On the side of Mitrovitz the Servian attack in the direction of Chatal was repulsed with heavy loss.

Fearful Privations.

LONDON, October 28. — The *Standard's* Belgrade dispatch says intelligent witnesses just returned from Deligrad report that the Servians are enduring fearful privations. On Sunday last six hundred were lying at inns and cafes, which were used as hospitals. Half of these people had wounded themselves in order to procure their discharge.

Peace Wanted.

The Vienna correspondent of the *Standard* telegraphs: It is stated that the Servian Government, in consequence of the recent defeats, has again asked for the interference of the powers in favor of peace. It is reported in Berlin that Turkey is endeavoring to treat directly with Servia.

A Vienna dispatch to the *Times* reports that the negotiations have taken an unexpectedly favorable turn. Russia, on Thursday, informed the powers that she had no objection to a clause being added to the six weeks' armistice, providing that it might eventually be prolonged if required by the state of negotiations.

LONDON, October 28.—All special correspondents, although differing as to details, confirm the reports of a pacific change in Russia's attitude towards Turkey.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Arctic Expedition.

LONDON, October 27.—A telegram has been received announcing the return to Valentia of the British Arctic expedition under Capt. Nares, comprising the steamers Alert and Discovery. Progress to the North Pole was found impracticable. Capt. Nares reports that no land could be discovered to the northward of the highest latitude reached, namely, 83 degrees 20 minutes, but in other respects the expedition was successful. The Alert has proceeded to Queenstown, and Capt. Nares to London, all well. The Alert arrived at Valentia at 2:30 this afternoon, being the first land made since leaving the frozen regions. She parted company with the Discovery in the Atlantic.

The Alert and Discovery left Port Foulke on July 29, 1875, and entered the ice off Cape Sable. After a severe and continuous struggle they reached the north side of Lady Franklin Bay, where the Discovery was left in winter quarters. The Alert pushed on and reached the limit of navigation on the shore of the Polar Sea. The ice varied in thickness, being in some places one hundred and fifty feet deep. President Land does not exist. At this point the sun was invisible one hundred and forty-two days, and a temperature the lowest ever recorded was experienced. A detachment with sledges was dispatched northward. It was absent seventy days, and reached latitude 83° 20'. Another party rounded Cape Columbia, the northernmost point of America, and traced two hundred and twenty miles westward from Greenland, and also explored far to the Eastward. These sledge parties met and suffered from scurvy. Hans Peterson died from frost bite. Jno. Porter, of the Alert, and Jas. Hans and Chas. Paul, of the Discovery, died on a sledging expedition. No Esquimaux were seen, nor were any icebergs met with beyond Cape Union. The expedition encountered great difficulties in retiring. The Alert's rudder bolt was damaged. The vessels left Smith Sound on September 9th. They signaled the Pandora on October 16th, all well. The Alert parted from the Discovery in a gale on October 19th. She will shift her rudder at Valentia, and proceed to Queenstown to coal. The admiral at Queenstown telegraphs that the Discovery is expected to arrive hourly.

During the sledge journey the ice was so rugged that it was only possible to advance a mile a day. During the winter rich collections in the department of natural history were made, and many valuable scientific observations were taken. Excellent coal was found near where the Discovery wintered. The expedition experienced the coldest weather ever registered, the temperature being 59 degrees below zero for a fortnight, and falling once to 104 degrees below freezing point. The Pandora, when spoken by the Alert, reported her screw slightly damaged by ice. The Pandora called at Littleton Island and Cape Isabella, but was unable to reach Cape Sabine. As the expedition did not touch at Littleton Island on the return it missed the letters by the Pandora. The health of the crews, with the exceptions already mentioned, has been good. Frost bites were severe, but not numerous. Petersen, the interpreter, died forty days after both feet had been amputated for frost bite. All members of the expedition declare it impossible to get nearer the pole than their Northern exploring party, which penetrated to within 400 miles of it. On the return from their sledge journeys the men were in a very helpless condition, and it was necessary to draw some of them on sledges. The planking of the Alert was much damaged by ice.

A member of the expedition telegraphs to the *Daily News* that the northernmost land reached was in lat. 83.07. After that there was ice. The point furthest west reached was at long. 85. Lady Franklin's straits is really a bay. Petermann Fiord was closed by a glacier. The northernmost point in Greenland seen was in latitude 82.57.

The American Medium.

The case of Dr. Slade, the American medium, and Simmons, his assistant, was up again to-day, when the charge of conspiracy against them was dismissed, and Simmons was discharged. A new prosecution was then commenced against Slade under the vagrant act. Magistrate Flowers expressed the opinion that there was a strong *prima facie* case against Slade under this act.

CENTRAL AMERICA.

Severe Cyclone.

PANAMA, October 19.—A severe cyclone passed over the Central American States on the 3d and 4th insts. The town of Managra, Nicaragua, was inundated on the 4th. About four hundred houses were blown down. The inhabitants had to climb on top of their houses to prevent being washed away by the flood. Many were drowned by the houses falling. The total damage done is estimated at about two million dollars. The town of Blanfields, on the Mosquito coast of Nicaragua, also experienced the hurricane. Over three hundred houses were blown down. The same storm passed over Lake Nicaragua, causing an immense amount of damage. The Commodore Adams, a lake steamer, was lost. The loss on the coffee crops is estimated at three million dollars. About twenty lives were lost. The whole district is completely flooded.

SPAIN.

Troops for Cuba.

LONDON, October 28.—Detachments of artillery and cavalry will sail for Cuba on Monday in addition to the 21,000 reinforcements already sent.

The Italian Insult

In connection with the recent insult to the Spanish Ambassador to Italy by a committee appointed to superintend the reception of Spanish pilgrims at the Vatican, the Spanish Government has issued an order prohibiting the return to Spain of prelates who while in Rome failed to call upon the Ambassador. The order especially mentions the Archbishop of Grenada.

The Conspiracy.

Repressive measures in connection with the recently discovered conspiracy continue. Fresh arrests have been ordered. The rising was to have begun at Seville. A military insurrection was to have taken place at the same time, together with a revolt in the navy at Ferrol and Cadiz.

GERMANY.

Elections

BERLIN, October 27.—Elections for the Prussian Chamber of Deputies were held to-day. The National Liberals have been successful in 169 cases, the Ultramontanes in 70, the Progressists in 50, the Poles in 13, the Particularists in 5, various sections of Conservatives in 62, and the Neutrals in 3. The results in twenty-five districts have not yet been communicated. All the successful candidates in Berlin are Progressists.

EGYPT.

Judgments Against the Khedive's Estate

CAIRO, October 27.—England, France, Germany and Austria have notified their approval of the judgments against the Diara, or the Khedive's private estate.

ITALY.

Earthquake Shock.

ROME, October 27.—A sharp shock of earthquake was felt at Tivoli yesterday.

THE REBEL CLAIMS.

Gov. Tilden's Views Endorsed by the Kentucky Democracy.

LOUISVILLE, October 27.—The State of Kentucky, represented by the Governor, Attorney General and Secretary of State, the Democratic electors for the State at large, the Democratic Executive Committee, the two United States Senators, and the entire Democratic delegation in Congress, has issued a letter endorsing the views of Governor Tilden with respect to the rebel claims, and pledging the Southern people to abide by those views as recently promulgated.

The Religious Revival in Chicago.

CHICAGO, October 27.—The first month of the Moody revival meetings closed to-night with a great congregation and full inquiry rooms. Mr. Moody expressed himself much pleased with the progress and interest in the meeting. Applications for workers in revival meetings in all sections of the North are coming in more rapidly than they can be filled, and reports from the revivalists already sent out show increasing success. Rev. Dr. Arnaud, of New York, who was a prominent worker in the revival meetings there, is here for a few days. The principal railroads are changing the outgoing evening trains to accommodate those attending the Tabernacle services from the country.

Fall of a Railway Train Trough a Trestle.

NEW YORK, October 27.—This morning a freight train on the New Jersey Midland railroad fell through the trestle and bridge at Hawthorne, the engine and tender landing end formost upon the Erie track, and the cars tumbling in a pile upon them. The engineer, fireman and three brakemen were fatally injured, and the conductor had both legs broken.

Illicit Distillers Convicted.

LITTLE ROCK, October 27.—In the Federal Court to-day, Judge H. C. Caldwell presiding, four of the proprietors of illicit distillers were convicted—Newton Storms, $1,000 fine and one year's imprisonment; David Flannan one month's imprisonment and $1,000 fine; Frazer Carr, one year's imprisonment and $5,000 fine, and A. M. Curtis, one year's imprisonment and $5,000 fine.

Anxiety to See "Boss" Tweed.

NEW YORK, October 27.—There was considerable excitement to-day at the lower quarantine boarding station, caused by the expectation of the arrival of the frigate Franklin with William M. Tweed on board. This morning the revenue cutter Grant left the upper bay for Sandy Hook to await the arrival of the Franklin.

Sports on the Turf.

BALTIMORE, October 27.—At Pimlico, today, the first race, dash of one mile, for two year olds, was won by Bombast. Time 1:47¾. The 1¾ miles dash was won by Bill Bruce. Time 2:43½. The third race, Bowie stakes, four mile heats. Both heats were won by Add. Time 7:35¼, and 7:42¾.

Death on the Gallows.

MAY'S LANDING, N. J., Oct. 27.—Jno. Hill and John Fallen, who were convicted of the murder of Geo. C. Hislett, near Elwood, on August 5th, were hanged here this afternoon. About three hundred persons witnessed the execution.

Another Fenian Invasion of Canada.

BOSTON, October 27.—The *Herald's* St. Albans special says secret preparations are going on in Vermont for another Fenian invasion of Canada this fall or early in the spring.

Ran Into a Car.

Last evening about 6 o'clock as car No. 13 of the Short Line Railway was passing Sedgewick street on Pennsylvania avenue, Allegheny, a horse that was attached to a wagon standing at one side of the street, turned itself so that one end of the wagon shaft struck and broke through the side of the car, and knocked a man, who was sitting in the car, off his seat, injuring him slightly. The other passengers made haste to get on the street, not knowing what was tearing up the front end of the car.

A Chime of Bells in an Organ.

A most novel and beautiful thing has just been received by and is on exhibition at H. Kleber & Bro.'s Music Store, 122 Wood street. It is a Parlor Organ with ten stops, in an elegant solid black walnut case, the panels inlaid with French walnut, and it has an attachment of two and a half octaves of silver bells, producing the most novel and beautiful effect imaginable. For certain kinds of sacred and secular music this is an invaluable new invention, and we congratulate the Messrs. Kleber & Bro. on having received the sole agency for them. As a piece of furniture, also, it surpasses anything ever made. The three pedals are enclosed by sliding panels, out of sight, and the top can be let down so as to form a beautiful writing desk—altogether the most ornamental Parlor Instrument ever invented. It is worthy a visit to Kleber's to feast one's eyes and ears on this new *Chimes-Organ.*

Chilson's

Improved Cone Furnaces.
L. H. SMITH & Co.,
49 Sixth street.

The Best Heater Made

is the "Radiant Home" heating stove, for sale by Geo. W. Stevenson & Bro., 131 Federal street, Allegheny City.

Only $5.00.

Men's French calf double sole sewed boots, quilted, vamp and custom made, at 38 Fifth avenue, sign of the world.

BREVITIES.

····The Allegheny Poor Board paid their regular monthly visit to the City Farm yesterday.

····Mr. W. W. Charles has been chosen President of the Pittsburgh Artist's Association *vice* George Hetzel resigned.

····The new towboat "John Cook," now lying at the wharf is one of the finest specimens of marine architecture ever constructed at this port.

····The Board of Pardons have informed the attorneys for Robert Grier that the application for a pardon has been held over until the next meeting of the board on the 1st Monday of November.

····The Atlantic Express and the Pacific Express, on the Pennsylvania Railroad, which passed through the city yesterday, were made up of two sections each, both very heavily loaded.

····Car No. 15 of the Short Line railway ran over a stuffed figure on Pennsylvania avenue, Allegheny, last evening, which was placed on the track by some boys. The driver was badly frightened, thinking he had killed a man.

····Captain Gus. L. Braun's Centennial excursion over the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, which left yesterday morning, consisted of ten cars and two hundred and ninety-seven passengers, besides those who joined the party at Connellsville.

····This has been a bad month for Beaver county newspapers. The Beaver *Democrat* went to the Sheriff two weeks since, and the Beaver Falls *Great Uprising* was closed last week. The first was the Democratic organ and the latter the Greenback organ.

····At an early hour yesterday morning a man wearing a Democratic club uniform was found lying near the Ninth street bridge, intoxicated, with his hands and face painted over with black paint. Some person had played a practical joke upon him.

····John Datt was arrested and taken before Mayor Phillips yesterday morning charged with violating the city ordinance in driving across the railroad track on Federal street while the signal of an approaching train was being displayed. He was held for a hearing on Tuesday next.

····James McCleary, charged with entering the Second National Bank of this city, was yesterday committed by Mayor Phillips in default of bail for trial. He expected witnesses from Butler county to prove an *alibi*, but they failed to put in an appearance, and by direction of his counsel, Mr. Coyle, he waived a further hearing.

····Two men, calling themselves Philadelphia detectives, created considerable stir in Bellair on Tuesday night of this week, searching for a girl whom they alleged stole $16,000 worth of diamonds. They found the girl, who turned out to have been a waiter in a saloon kept by one of the men, and started East with her the next evening.

····On Monday next the last links in the "back chains" of the Point bridge will be put in and the preparatory cables swung. These cables will be in position by the 15th of next month, having first been taken out in a boat and then hoisted to the top of the towers. The cables have arrived from Roebling's works in Trenton, N. J., and are very strong and substantial.

····An officer from Franklin arrived yesterday to take charge of McCarty and Edwards, the jewelry thieves, who robbed Mr. Lee's house in that place. Mr. and Mrs. Lee also arrived at noon and identified the necklace. The diamond ring is still missing, and as McCarty is very ill, it is believed that he swallowed it. The man will be taken to Franklin to-day.

····A fire broke out in a two story frame house at the corner of Morgan street and River avenue, Allegheny, owned by J. M. Schlosser, and occupied by A. M. Jones as a warehouse, and burned out the interior of the building and destroyed its contents. There was an insurance policy of $1,000 on the stock in the Federal, of Allegheny. The origin of the fire is unknown.

····The buildings of the Tradesmens' Industrial Institute are advertised for sale by the Sheriff to-day. The executions now in the Sheriff's hands amount to over $20,000, and a number of judgments have been entered against which executions have not been issued. There are also in the hands of the Sheriff claims of employes for wages for labor, amounting in the aggregate to about two thousand dollars against the institution.

····The daughter of Mr. B. F. West, a farmer of Penn township, Westmoreland county, disappeared from her home on Monday last. In her room was found a letter she received advising her to come to Johnstown, and live out as a domestic. The father with this clue followed to the place named, and with the assistance of the Chief of Police, learned the city, but was compelled to give up the attempt to find her. He is much distressed over the absence of his daughter, and expresses his intention of finding her if it takes all his means.

PERSONAL.

···Rev. W. R. Cowl, pastor of the Methodist Church at Bellevue, married at Steubenville, on Wednesday evening, Miss Ada Shouse, daughter of Captain Shouse of the Ohio river packet line. They left on a wedding tour to the Eastern cities.

AMUSEMENT NOTES.

AUGUSTA DARGON appears at Library Hall on Monday evening.

The dresses that Mrs. Florence wears as *Mrs. General Gaffory* cost nearly $3,000.

It should be borne in mind that the "Mighty Dollar" will jingle this afternoon and evening at Library Hall.

MR. CROMPTON, Treasurer of the Opera House, authorizes us to announce that "Brass" will be exchanged next week for silver, yea, for rags even.

This evening will be "People's Night" at the Opera House and reduced admission fees will prevail. "The Count of Monte Cristo" will be performed.

ANNA DICKINSON closed a successful engagement of five nights last night at Macauley's Theater, Louisville. Her impersonation of *Anna Boleyn* won for her many admirers.

"THE LADY OF LYONS," the most exquisite play on the American stage, was superbly performed at the Opera House last night. Mr. Fechter's *Melnotte* and Miss Price's *Pauline* were impersonations of rare beauty and power. The play will be presented at the matinee this afternoon.

GENEVIEVE ROGERS was playing *Maud Muller* at Millerstown, in Butler county, the other night when, in the second act, where the bride shows so much emotion at the coldness of her husband, an old farmer jumped up in the audience and said, "Let the impudent puppy sleep; he's a fool-ain. D—n't worry any more." His speech and manner so excited Miss Rogers that she fainted, and the curtain was dropped before the act was finished.

Centennial Prize Organ—The Burdett

Every visitor to the Centennial cannot but admit that the *Burdett* Organs were the finest on exhibition, both for excellence of tone and beauty of appearance. Read what some of our prominent clergymen say of them:

"I take pleasure in adding my testimony to the efficiency and reliability of the Burdett Organ. I have purchased one of H. Kleber & Bro., which gives entire satisfaction."

REV. J. D. HERR, Meth. Church.

"I think the Burdett Organs the most perfect reed instruments ever constructed. We are quite pleased with the one we bought of Messrs. Kleber & Bro., and we like it better the longer we have it."

REV. J. DERMITT, of Meth. Church.

"I am free to say that the Burdett Organs have given the most perfect satisfaction to the members of my congregation."

D. W. C. HERVEY,
Pastor of Providence Baptist Church,
Beaver county, Pa.

"All are delighted with the Burdett organ we bought for our church, of the Messrs. Kleber & Bro. It gives entire satisfaction."

REV. J. R. ANDREWS,
Washington, Pa.

The genuine Burdett can be had only at H. Kleber & Bro.'s, 121 Wood street. A single hearing of them will prove their vast superiority over all other organs. They are sold low, and on easy monthly payments. Examine the Burdett and you will never consent to buy any other.

The Mighty Dollar

Is quite an object now-a-days to all who intend visiting the Centennial Exhibition before its close, and to get the benefit of your investment go with Gus L. Braun's excursion, over the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, next Monday morning, October 30, at 8.15 and 8.45 A. M., and the fare is only seven dollars for the round trip to Philadelphia. Privilege granted passengers to stop and visit Washington City, Mt. Vernon, Fortress Monroe and a thousand other points of interest.

A Full Supply

of all kinds of house-furnishing goods, stoves, grates, furnaces, hods, irons and the celebrated "Radiant Home" heater at the store of Geo. W. Stevenson & Bro., 131 Federal street, Allegheny City.

Kornblum, practical and scientific Optician, in R. S. Davis & Co's. Book Store, corner Fifth avenue and Wood street. Spectacles, perfectly fitted to the eyes, and warranted.

THE CAMPAIGN.

Local Political Notes—Meetings in and About the City.

Trains will leave the depot of the B. & O. railroad for McKeesport this evening at 7 o'clock to transport all marching clubs intending to participate in the demonstration at that place. Transportation free to all members of marching clubs.

Messrs. Haymaker and McCreery are to have another discussion of political issues next Friday evening, at Old City Hall. This time Mr. Haymaker is to have the opening and closing speech, as Mr. McCreery had on the former contest at Sewickley.

The South Side Republican marching clubs are making arrangements to participate in the torchlight demonstration to take place next Tuesday evening, at Monongahela City. General Passenger Agent Egan, of the P. V. & C. R. R., will furnish transportation for the clubs participating at reduced fare for the round trip.

The Grand Central club, of Allegheny City, will go to McKeesport this evening, and the members are requested to meet at the armory at 6 o'clock P. M. sharp.

MEETING IN ALLEGHENY.

There was a grand rally of the Republicans of Allegheny last evening, on the Third ward Diamond square. The meeting was organized by electing W. B. Rodgers, Esq., President, assisted by a long list of Vice Presidents. The meeting was addressed by W. C. Stillwagon, Esq., Mr. John Megraw and Mr. Patterson. W. J. Pope enlivened the occasion with a number of his campaign songs.

AT CANNONSBURG.

The Republicans of Washington county will hold a grand mass convention at Cannonsburg on Thursday next, November 2nd. Thos. M. Marshall, Esq., of this city, will address the meeting.

The members of the Second ward Hayes and Wheeler club are requested to meet at 6:30 P. M. this evening, to attend the McKeesport demonstration.

THE DAYLIGHT PROCESSION.

There has been some misapprehension as to how the grand daylight procession of Monday next is to be officered. Colonel Henry B. Hays has been appointed Chief Marshal. G. L. Braun has been chosen as Marshal of the Marching clubs of the old city division. The Marshal to take charge of the civic division of the city of Pittsburgh has not yet been appointed.

At the meeting of marching clubs of the two cities and county, held at Republican headquarters on last Wednesday evening, when it was unanimously reserved to close the campaign by a grand daylight turnout on Monday, November 6th, the Chairman of the County Committee, Charles S. Fetterman, Esq., was instructed to appoint a committee of fifty to confer with the manufacturers and business men of the county, with a view of securing their co-operation in the demonstration. In accordance with that action Mr. Fetterman selected the following gentlemen:

John W. Riddell, Chairman.
H. W. Oliver, John W. Chalfant, C. B. Seeley, Jacob Reese, Frank Ardary, Jas. Littell, Max. Moorhead, G. Follansbee, John H. Ricketson, Capt. James O'Neil, James A. Chambers, James W. Campbell, H. G. Hays, Hugh Darlington, William Peters, Ered. Beilstein, Geo. W. Wilson, Melchor Verner, David Aiken, John D. Bailey, Charles Metz, T. B. Atterbarry, R. B. Brown, Major John Hancock, B. Openheimer, Joseph Dalton, Jas. Hemphill, General C. S. Fitzhugh, Robert Schmertz, S. J. Walsworight, Major Wm. Frew, William Harrison, Walton Woolsey, Wm. Walton, Wm. Laufman, John Megraw, Richard Parry, Chas. W. Batchelor, John W. Hunt and secretary, Major J. B. Steen, T. W. Lindsay, R. H. Fife, Wm. Wettach, J. J. Gillespie, Philip Reymer, W. N. Erwin, James A. McDavitt, Nathan Brockaw.

There is every prospect of a good Republican outpouring at McKeesport, to-day, such as has not been seen in this county outside of Pittsburgh for many years.

Wm. D. Forten, Esq., of Philadelphia, and Mr. T. M. Harris addressed a Republican meeting at Monongahela city on Thursday evening. Washington county is pronounced good for 500 majority for Hayes.

GRAND RALLY.

The Republicans of the Hill district held a rousing meeting at the corner of Wylie avenue and Kirkpatrick street, last evening, which was addressed by Gen. J. K. Morehead, Major Russell Errett, Hon. Miles S. Humphries and Col. Ruban Resif.

AT 9:30 J. M. MONDAY NEXT.

At 9:30 A. M. Monday Next.

SMYTHE'S.....SMYTHE'S
Fourteenth Excursion to
PHILADELHIA
and NEW YORK.

From Philadelphia and Return Seven Dollars. $7.
To New York and Return Nine Dollars. $9.
ALL TICKETS GOOD FOR TEN DAYS.

Travel on the King of Railroads, the PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL. Leave from the Union Depot with SMYTHE at 9:30 A. M. Monday morning.

Remember THE END IS APPROACHING and never have it to say that you were not at the Centennial Exhibition.

Winter Wear.

Country Blankets, very cheap, country Flannels, plain and twilled, red and grey Flannels, Cloths and Cassimeres, at very low prices at H. J. Lynch's, No. 96 Market street.

Genuine French Blacking

and Shoe Brushes at C. H. Dietrich's, 160 Smithfield street.

SOCIETY NOTICES.

NOTICE—MEMBERS OF THE Allegheny True Blue L. O. L. No. 29 are requested to meet at their hall, corner of East Diamond and Ohio streets, TO-MORROW, Sabbath, at 12½ P. M. sharp, in white gloves and badge of the order, to attend the funeral of our late brother, WM. WILSON. Members of sister Lodges are invited to attend.
By order of the W. M.
JOHN ANDERSON, Secretary.

POLITICAL.

Grand South Side TORCHLIGHT PROCESSION

THIS (Saturday) EVENING, Oct. 28.

GRAND MARSHAL,
ADAM TRAUTMAN.
CHIEF OF STAFF,
JAMES O'NEILL.
ADJUTANT GENERAL,
W. C. MURPHY.

Marshal East End Division, South Side,
HARK DONLEY.
Marshal Middle Division, South Side,
DR. J. C. THOMAS.
Marshal West End Division, South Side,
FELIX C. NEGLEY.
Marshal North Side Division,
JOHN MEGRAW.
Marshal of Old City Division,
COL. HENRY B. HAYS.
Marshal East End Division,
GEN. JAMES S. NEGLEY.

FORMATION.

First Division—The East End Division will form on Water street, the right resting on the east side of Smithfield street.

Second Division—The Allegheny Division will form on Water street, the right rest on the west side of Smithfield street.

Third Division—The City will form on Smithfield street, the right resting at the Monongahela House.

Fourth Division, South Side—The West End Battalion will form on Carson street, the right resting on the west side of the Monongahela Bridge. The East End Battalion will form on Brownsville avenue, the right resting at the intersection of Carson street.

The Chief Marshal will be designated by a white and red sash; the Adjutant General by a red sash; the Chief of Staff by a white sash, and the Aids by white rosettes.

ROUTE.

From the Monongahela bridge up Carson street to Seventeenth; thence to Jane, up Jane to Twenty-first; down Twenty-first to Sarah; up Sarah to Thirtieth; down Thirtieth to Carson; thence to Seventeenth; down Seventeenth to Bingham, and down Bingham to Tenth and dismiss.

The procession will move promptly at 7:30 o'clock. By order,

ADAM TRAUTMAN,
Chief Marshal.
W. C. MURPHY, Adjutant General.

Hon. Benj. Harrison,

OF INDIANA,
WILL SPEAK IN
OLD CITY HALL,
MARKET STREET, on
Saturday, October 28th,

AT 7:30 P. M.

By order Committee on Meetings.
JOHN S. LAMBIE, Chairman.
W. C. STILLWAGON, } Secretaries.
JOSIAH COHEN, }

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CARPETS.
CHOICEST STYLES.
Druggets in Squares and Piece Goods. Oil Cloths, Mattings, all Widths—Shades and Shade Cloth.
RUGS and MATS.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
29 FIFTH AVENUE.

NEW FALL GOODS!
Finest in the City.
HENRY G. HALE
Merchant Tailor,
Cor. Penn Ave. & Sixth St

CARD TO THE PUBLIC.
HEATING AND VENTILATING.
**W. A. Arn

DAILY GAZETTE

OFFICE: GAZETTE BUILDING,
Corner Sixth Avenue and Smithfield St.

JOSIAH KING.....N. P. REED.....GEO. W. REED.
KING, REED & CO., EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

Official Paper of Allegheny County.

TERMS FOR 1876.

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Persons desiring to subscribe for the GAZETTE—Daily or Weekly—will, upon application, be supplied with specimen copies, free of charge.

KING, REED & CO.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1876

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 46¾f.

BONDS at Frankfort, new 5s, 102¼.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 109¾.

THE daylight demonstration of Republicans, at last definitely determined upon, will be one of the grandest ever seen in Pittsburgh.

IN the days of the war, every patriot was eager to do what he could to forward the cause of his country. Now, we are face to face with the same spirit, as strongly developed as ever. Should we not use our utmost endeavors to defeat it? The contest involves all the points of the war. Show your patriotism, therefore, by your work.

IT is rarely the case that a Judge presiding at the trial of an accused criminal, is so partial as to be subject to censure. Without the evidence it is difficult to estimate the exact culpability of Judge McALLISTER, at Chicago, in the case of a person on trial for murder, but the telegraphic report certainly places him in the light of a partisan of the prisoner.

THE President has selected November 30, as a day of Thanksgiving. This custom has now become fairly national, and constitutes one of the most beautiful of our national customs. Beginning with the Puritan family gathering, and the New England festival of turkeys and pumpkin pies, it has grown into a national custom, with more of the religious element in it than it had, even before the war of rebellion.

UNLESS Russia shall intervene effectually in behalf of the Servians, they are evidently nearly overcome, and their submission to the Turks cannot much longer be delayed. It is a matter of regret, if no results, more than are now promised, should come of the war, that it was begun. It is not creditable to Russia to put forward weaker powers to war, unless she amply protects them in the negotiations that follow.

OHIO DAY at the Centennial attested the cordial respect entertained for Governor HAYES by the people at large. Not only was there a vast attendance at the Centennial grounds, but in various other places, visited during the day, he received the most flattering expressions of regard. His addresses were models of modesty and good taste, and show him to be a man of finely-balanced mind, and equal to any emergency that may come upon him.

THE suspension of the Continental Life Insurance Company has given a staggering blow to the institutions of that character at the East. The press of New York express the hope that the suspension will be but temporary, but that is hardly possible, as life insurance is a business of so delicate a character that a single blow to the credit of an institution is almost uniformly fatal to it. The misfortune in the case of the Continental is that it was regarded as a strong company, and its suspension is almost inevitably ruinous.

THE New York *Herald* is true to the slums of New York, and is at last fairly in the service of TILDEN, fairly and unfairly. It does not descend to the low, coarse abuse that characterizes the *Sun*, but it is as evidently in the service as the *Sun* is. Even the strong letter of Governor CHAMBERLAIN, so replete with facts showing that the regular State authority is not able to cope with murderous Democratic rifle clubs, is not satisfactory to it, and the theory is set up that the President erred in sending troops into that State. We suppose he did, in the estimate of rebels.

THE *Post* still pursues its shot-gun policy of threatening our merchants and manufacturers with the loss of Southern trade, if they do not vote the Democratic ticket. We supposed till orders came to the *Post* to pursue this policy, that attempts at political terrorism were to be confined to the South. There is but little difference between threatening a man with the loss of property, unless he votes a certain way, and threatening to take his life, so far as the principle is concerned. The *Post* threatens our people with loss of business unless Democrats are put in office. We simply present the fact of this imprudent threat to the attention of our citizens.

TOUCHING the business aspect of the election the New York *Tribune* justly observes: "No sober man can fail to see that capital profoundly distrusts the Democratic party. Its sympathy with rebellion has made it impossible to trust that party with respect to the war debt. Its yielding to the demands of the craziest inflationist has convinced men that, if that party gains power, no man can guess what wild pranks it may play with the currency. Whether these fears are wholly well founded or in part exaggerated, one thing is certain—they exist, and are shared by capitalists and business men everywhere. And these fears, if that party should succeed, would produce inevitably that shrinkage of credit, that renewed distrust, which must prove fatal to so many firms."

IT was unnecessary that we should be informed that the Churches at the South were with the ex-rebel element,—that has been taken taken for granted all along. If there is a subservient institution, in all this broad land, that is willing to grovel in the dust before the spirit of terrorism and slavery, it is the Church at the South. Before the war it defended the barbarism of slavery as a Divinely ordained institution, and by formal utterances proclaimed its adhesion to the institution. During the war of rebellion the Churches South supported that imfamous assault on the Government with all their power. Is it strange now, that they sustain the murderous proceedings of their old *confreres* in slavery and rebellion? In the light of pending events, it seems like a mockery to issue such a statement as is endorsed by the Southern Church dignitaries. But the sow naturally turns to its wallow.

THE speech of Mr. H. A. S. D. DUDLEY, formerly manager of the Brady's Bend Iron Works, giving the inside history of Mr. TILDEN's connection with the wrecking of that once prosperous establishment, and telling how he brought ruin and poverty to many thrifty and happy homes, will be found in another column. It is conclusive evidence that Mr. TILDEN is a bold and unscrupulous man, and that he would not hesitate a moment in joining hands with the rebels to share their Southern claims. It is easy to account for the money being spent in buying up votes. A man who made a business of watering stock to the amount of millions, as Mr. TILDEN unquestionably did in this case, and thereby defrauding honest stockholders of their legitimate earnings, is certainly not the one who can be voted for as a Reform President. This country has been cursed before by just such sapient reformers as Mr. TILDEN, and we sadly misapprehend the sentiment of the people if Samuel does not occupy after the election the same position politically that the Brady's Bend Iron Company now does financially. Wrecked! Badly wrecked!

THE incineration, or cremation process, devised by Dr. LE MOYNE, of Little Washington, has proven a substantial success. It was tested on the body of a sheep, and worked perfectly. It is quite remarkable, since this plan has been discussed, to notice the extent to which it has been accepted by the public mind. It is not now violently opposed, and its merits are looked at and the whole subject complacently discussed. The disposal of the dead is, really, a matter of custom. Our habits of thought and customs have led us to the burial of the dead; but even along with this are questions looking to the permanent preservation of the precious remains. We have had experiments of many kinds looking to embalmment; but this is not, as a rule, sufficiently perfect to be satisfactory. Then comparatively few can afford it. If the preservation of the precious dust be a leading consideration in preserving the bodies of our dead, it is an open question whether cremation does not quite as effectually as any other method accomplish this purpose. Dr. LE MOYNE, however, urges his method on hygienic principles,—claiming that cemeteries are productive of malaria and disease. It is evidently an open and very broad question—this of cremation.

MUCH interest exists to know just how the electoral vote will be counted, and the result declared, in Congress. It is well known that no joint rule has been adopted, and yet that the idea has been broached by the Democrats throwing out the votes of certain States. The twelfth amendment to the Constitution directs how the electors are to proceed to vote. They are to meet at the State Capitols on the first Wednesday of December, by act of Congress, and vote by ballot for a President and Vice President. And they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted for as President and Vice President, and of the number of votes for each, which lists they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of Government of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate. The President of the Senate shall, in the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted; the person having the greatest number of votes for President shall be the President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed. By act of Congress the vote is to be counted and declared on the second Wednesday in February. The twenty-second joint rule of the two Houses, adopted in 1868, authorized either House to reject a return, each House voting separately. This joint rule has been re-enacted by each Congress, except the present. On the 20th of last January the Senate adopted a concurrent resolution adopting as the joint rules of the two Houses for the present session the joint rules of the Senate and House of Representatives in force at the close of the last session of Congress, "excepting the twenty-second joint rule." The House failed to adopt this resolution. And there are, therefore, no joint rules of the two Houses. Nor is there any provision of law defining the manner in which the constitutional duty imposed in the twelfth amendment shall be performed. It will be seen by this that as matters now stand the counting and declaring of the vote will be in the hands of the President of the Senate.

WE are gratified to notice that the press, not merely of this city, but in other parts of the State, have adopted the views suggested by the GAZETTE as to the importance, to this Commonwealth, of maintaining the price of oil. In this, we are not seeking the interest of one class, to the disadvantage of others. Pennsylvania is the only State that produces petroleum in large amounts, and this product ought to yield, in cash returns, at least $40,000,000 a year more than it has. It is to the advantage of all that it should. The income of so much money, would inspire activity in every form of industry. This is one point of interest, and the reason we have urged producers to stand firm in their prices, as the refiners are doing in theirs. The Oil City *Derrick* intimates that they are realizing the necessity for this. It says, referring to the efforts of the exporters to press down the prices of the producers: "How long this 'grapevine twist' will continue none can tell, but it is decidedly in the interest of all in the Oil Region that the refiners win. To secure this end producers should not stand supinely by, but lend a helping hand, and keep all the crude they can off the market, even at a temporary loss, thus strengthening their own side. For once the producers should set the world an example of what men can do when their cause is right. No one is injured in this matter by such a course, not even the consumers. Through our insane development of the richest oil field the world ever saw, we furnished to all mankind our splendid illuminant at any price they pleased to take it, being actually beggars for purchasers at their own figures, notwithstanding those figures plunged us into bankruptcy and ruin. Now that the tables are turned, and the opportunity is within our grasp, let us learn by the things we have suffered, and compel the consumers to pay a remunerative price for our great staple, not raising it to such a pitch as to drive the world back into darkness, but so govern matters that it will continue cheaper than any other light, and yet enable the producer and all concerned to reap proper profits for the wear and tear of the machinery of the body and mind as well of that that can be renewed. It only requires a manly, straightforward course on the part of the producer to accomplish the object so dear to all our hearts, and make the production of petroleum truly a legitimate business in every sense of the word."

THE TIME FOR WORK.

There remains, practically, but one more week, for the work of the present political canvass. Then must be determined which political party rules the country for the next four years. If you are a Republican, you cannot look complacently on the idea of the Democracy, with its spirit of malevolence, having rule in this country. If its adherents, with the approval of the party at large, resort to violence and murder, to attain political power, what would they not do, to retain hold on power. Strange, but true, the spirit of desperation of the Democratic party is under-estimated. There are those who scoff at the idea of their paying rebel claims, or restoring, practically, slavery, or using fraud and violence to perpetuate their power. Is murder, as constantly committed at the South, mere pastime? And were the bills introduced to pay Southern claims, mere jokes? We urge that this canvass is in deadly earnest, and means a more powerful struggle to retain power, if once it should be obtained. This is what we are to contend with; and we warn every Republican that it is unwise to remain quiet and careless till Sumter is fired on again. The time is on us to work.

What can you do? See your neighbor, and supply him with facts, and argue, pleasantly and kindly, the case with him. It is not desirable that you should enter into heated controversy, for that makes men stubborn; but quietly and kindly call on him, as a neighbor and friend, and in a candid, open spirit, consider frankly the situation. If you are supplied with *data*, so as to answer clearly and intelligently his questions, and speak with him, not as a partisan, but as a man seeking to do right, he will listen to and respect you. Whether you convince him of the correctness of your views, you will, at least, inspire thought that will produce good fruit.

Or you may canvass your neighborhood, or block, and ascertain and report the exact situation to the local or county committee, so that they may be informed. If they can be reached, possibly, by others, or, you can attend, and aid to get up meetings that will result in convincing your neighbors of duty. Remember that a single vote often turns the scale, and that we should not overlook a voter. In brief, you cannot influence persons to your views, apply your mind to the task, and you will promptly see where you can do good. At such a time as the present, no man has a right to be idle. Our enemies are on the alert, night and day. They seek to subvert, and then trample upon our liberties. Republican,—have you been idle and careless? Your country calls. Go, work to-day, for her safety and honor.

HIS REPUTATION.

Were a Republican candidate for the Presidency cursed with a reputation such as has been given to TILDEN by his own people, how much chance of election does any one suppose he would have? By dint of extreme efforts, the Democracy managed to throw a taint of suspicion over the good name of JAMES G. BLAINE, and this one fact did more to secure his defeat at Cincinnati than all the machinations of his enemies. Yet all that was developed was the mere suspicion that he speculated in some railroad bonds. Before his nomination, TILDEN was openly charged by his own party press with being a thief, an intimate and partner of TWEED, and a corrupt man generally. With the truth or falsity of these charges we have nothing at present to do, but that they were made, and adhered to till his nomination, is well known. In addition to these charges, made in his party organs, have come to light a number of exceedingly suspicious circumstances. These reflect on his private and public character. They relate to railroad wrecking, to dishonorable transactions in trust cases, and to the abandonment of unpaid workmen. They involve a case of swearing, believed to be false; and if false, the swindling of the Government out of taxes honestly due it. All these charges have been circumstantially made, and no denial or explanation yet offered has broken their force. Could such a man be elected President on the Republican ticket? If not, ought he to be so elected on the Democratic ticket? Most certainly not.

The character of a political party often intermixes with that of its candidates, and the two stand together. Where one is apt to influence or control the other, the two must be closely looked at, to estimate correctly results. What of the Democratic party, and its influence with Mr. TILDEN, should he be President? Let its own recorded declarations answer. It has declared for free trade, and, of course, TILDEN will go with it for that. We all understand the effect of this course upon our manufacturing and mercantile interests. It has committed itself, by its policy in Congress, to opening the doors to the most palpable and glaring election frauds. Its hardest and most united battle in the last Congress was for the repeal of Supervisory Election laws. We hardly, without thought, can realize all that this means. Elections a farce, and the will of an honest majority defeated by the frauds of a few. It has, by its Congressional course, committed itself to the payment of rebel losses during the war. These payments mean bankruptcy. What shall be said of a party that would dare entertain, for a moment, the idea of paying rebels their losses? Yet the Democratic party has done this. It is the backer and endorser of TILDEN, and lends its character to him. Consider the two, and think, you who fought rebellion, can you vote for the man or party?

POLITICAL NOTES.

IN less than two weeks the beating of the Democratic gongs will cease, and the honest, Union-loving, sham-hating people of the country will march to the polls and elect Rutherford B. Hayes the next President. "Mark the prediction."

EVERY candidate on the Democratic State ticket in South Carolina served in the rebel army against the Union. Five of the Congressional candidates have like qualifications, and one has also served two years in the penitentiary for manslaughter. Now they are all Tilden reformers.

NOW PERHAPS Mr. Tilden will be willing to express his opinion of the system of wholesale terrorism by which the Democratic leaders at the South are striving to secure a solid vote. This is of as much importance to the nation's welfare as is the prevention of the payment of rebel war claims.

FAILING to elect Governor Hayes and a Republican House in the next Congress, we must prepare for misrule under a Democratic administration. It will come so sure as the sun will rise in the morning, and one of the most gigantic evils of the rule will be the power which the South will sway. But the opportunity for creating these evils will not be granted to the enemies of the Government, provided Republicans do their duty, and no true man will prove a laggard, or quail at this moment, when his country is again jeopardized.

THE results of the Colorado election are as follows: John L. Routt, Republican candidate for Governor, has a majority of nearly 1,000 over Bela M. Hughes. James B. Belford, for Forty-fourth and Forty-fifth Congress, has a majority of 800 or 900 over Thomas M. Patterson, late Democratic Delegate to Congress. The balance of the Republican State ticket has majorities running from 1,000 to 1,500, and the Legislative ticket from 1,600 to 2,200. The average Republican majority on the whole ticket is 1,500—a gain of 3,600 over 1874, when the Territory went Democratic by 2,100 majority. The total vote of the State foots up 27,000—an increase of 10,500 in two years, and, taking this as a basis for estimating population, it would show Colorado to have about 165,000 inhabitants.

THE Louisville *Courier-Journal* publishes the following extract from a business letter of a Pittsburgh firm to a firm in Louisville: "Hope for an improvement after election, but it will depend much on the result, we think. We trust that our republic may yet be spared, and without another civil war, which would probably follow the attempt to pay all the claims of those who tried to destroy it, already amounting to more than our national debt." This extract the editor of the *Courier-Journal*, who is a Democratic member of Congress, makes the basis of a column article the burden of which is the ignorance of Republican voters who, he says, have lost their independence. Why? Because they won't support Southern intolerance and vote for the payment of rebel claims. The patriotic, clear headed and independent thinking men embraced in the business guild of this city will not relish such assertions as the following from a Southern sympathizing and murder upholding sheet like the *Courier-Journal*: "The extract which we have quoted from the letter of this Pittsburgh firm exhibits this fealty and cringing to party dictation; this abandonment of independence and willingness to be molded into a fragment of a complicated political machinery, and to utterly lose individuality." So. This Pittsburgh firm foresees the danger that would follow Democratic accession to power, and for saying so gets abused. It is a matter of congratulation that there are many thousands of other business firms that view the political prospect in the same light, and will vote and work for Hayes and Wheeler.

Cheap Rent.

A person who was looking at a house the other day, says the Lynchburg *News*, said he couldn't afford to pay so much rent. "Well, look at the neighborhood," replied a woman; "you can borrow flat-irons next door, coffee and tea across the street, flour and sugar on the corner, and there's a big pile of wood belonging to a school house right across the alley, and in the name of Julius Cæsar what more could you ask?" He rented and moved in, with nine children, four dogs and a drayload of household and kitchen furniture.

NATIONAL REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,
RUTHERFORD B. HAYES, of Ohio.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
WILLIAM A. WHEELER, of New York.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

CONGRESS—TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT,
RUSSELL ERRETT, of Robinson township.
CONGRESS—TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT,
THOMAS M. BAYNE, of Allegheny City.
STATE SENATE—FORTY-SECOND DISTRICT,
HUGH MCNEILL, of Allegheny City.
STATE SENATE—FORTY-THIRD DISTRICT,
JOS. M. GAZZAM, of Second ward, Pittsburgh.
STATE SENATE—FORTY-FOURTH DISTRICT,
JOHN C. NEWMYER, of Wilkins township.
STATE SENATE—FORTY-FIFTH DISTRICT,
JNO. GILFILLAN, of Upper St. Clair township.
ASSEMBLY—FIRST DISTRICT,
JAMES D. WALKER, Allegheny City.
HENRY M. LONG, Allegheny City.
WILLIAM H. GRAHAM, Allegheny City.
ASSEMBLY—SECOND DISTRICT,
R. S. FRAZER, Second ward, Pittsburgh.
WILLIAM J. FLINN, Sixth ward, Pittsburgh.
ASSEMBLY—THIRD DISTRICT,
No nomination.
ASSEMBLY—FOURTH DISTRICT,
J. MITCHELL, Seventeenth ward, Pittsburgh.
S. MCELROY, JR., Sixteenth ward, Pittsburgh.
A. H. WEAVER, Thirty-sixth ward, Pittsburgh.
J. M. SHAFER, Twenty-ninth ward, Pittsburgh.
ASSEMBLY—FIFTH DISTRICT,
JOSEPH A. STONE, McKeesport.
W. H. MCGILL, West Deer township.
ASSEMBLY—SIXTH DISTRICT,
VINCENT MILLER, North Fayette.
WILLIAM HILL, Chartiers borough.
PROTHONOTARY,
B. F. KENNEDY, Eighth ward, Pittsburgh.
TREASURER,
WM. MCCALLIN, Seventh ward, Pittsburgh.
CORONER,
JOSEPH A. THOMAS, Twenty-third ward.
JURY COMMISSIONER,
JOHN KNOWLAND, Eighth ward, Pittsburgh.
DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
JOHN HERRON, Shaler township.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings
NO. 61 FOURTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH.
Board of Managers—George A. Berry, President, John Scott, Jas. Park, Jr., Vice Presidents, A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G. Follansbee, Robert C. Schmertz,
Secretary and Treasurer—CHAS. G. MILNOR.
Solicitor—JOHN H. BAILEY.

MY WIFE
Insists on using only B. T. Babbitt's Best Soap.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FRED. ALTVATER
CONTRACTOR,
Office and Stone Yard,
Juniata, Near Sedgwick Street.
Residence, 130 Third street, Allegheny.

MERCHANT TAILOR,
B. TIEGEL
NO. 53 SMITHFIELD STREET,
Just received, a full line of CLOTHS and CASSIMERES, for Fall and Winter wear.
AT LOWEST PRICES.

A MAN
OF A THOUSAND.
Having discovered, in a manner which might be considered almost providential, a positive cure for Consumption and all Lung Complaints, I feel it my duty to make it known in a practical manner. By furnishing a sample bottle, free of charge, to all sufferers, my only hope of remuneration being that the medicine will perform all I claim for it. The ingredients are of the choicest herbal products and perfectly safe; sent by Express. Address at once, DR. O. PHELPS BROWN, 21 Grand street, Jersey City, N. J. k50-d&S

SLATE ROOFING.
AIKEN & CO.,
Cor. Liberty and Eleventh Sts.
Opposite Grain Elevator,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Sole agents for the celebrated Chapman Slate.

CHANDELIERS,
AND
Gas Fixtures
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
AT
WELDON & KELLY'S,
147 WOOD STREET.
FALL STOCK JUST OPENING.
TTHS

WE STUDY TO PLEASE.
We have just received direct from the manufacturers a large invoice of PARKER BROTHERS' BREECH-LOADING DOUBLE BARREL SHOT GUNS, the BEST GUN in the world to-day for the money. They range in price from $50 to $200. For the truth of what we say we invite any of our customers to call and examine them. For their shooting qualities we will allow any one before purchasing to try them in our shooting gallery, 40 yards long, built expressly for the purpose of testing the shooting qualities of any of the fine arms we sell.
Also, we have a stock of our celebrated Kentucky Rifles, the HUNTER'S PRIDE, and the SPORTSMAN'S DELIGHT, varying in price from $12 to $40. For sale by
JAMES BOWN & SON,
136 & 138 WOOD STREET.
s22-TTHS

Bayard Taylor
SAYS: "I take great pleasure in recommending to parents the Academy at Media of Mr. Swithin C. Shortlidge. I have had an opportunity for several years past of observing the manner in which this Academy is conducted, as well as the department of the pupils who attend it, and am satisfied that nothing is neglected which can further both the intellectual and moral development of the latter."
This Academy for Young Men and Boys is 12 miles by rail from Philadelphia. $260 a year for Boarding, Washing, Gas, &c., Schooling Books, &c. Payment Quarterly. No extra charges. Students admitted at any time. Special care and provision for little boys. Individual and class instruction for advanced and backward pupils combining the advantages of private tutoring and school-room drill. Special attention to dull boys. 10 Instructors, two graduates of Yale College. For picture of building, gymnasium, &c., circular and references in this city, address SWITHIN C. SHORTLIDGE, (Harvard University, A. M.,) Media, Pa. j64

LACE CURTAINS,
Finest Assortment in the City.
CORNICES, LAMBREQUINS,
WINDOW SHADES,
MATTRESSES,
Spring Beds and Bedding.
Holtzman & Wiederhold,
64 WOOD STREET.

Wall Paper---No. 1.
Wall Hangings, Ceilings, Friezes and Dados in English style, Eastlake and Owen Jones' designs.

Wall Paper---No. 2.
Leather, Tapestry Velvet, Gold Stencil, Pictures, French Corners and Borders, Paris styles.

Wall Paper---No. 3.
American Papers, original designs of all qualities at medium and low prices.

W. P. MARSHALL,
47 SEVENTH STREET, (not avenue.)

CIDER—25 BBLS. CHOICE REFINED CIDER just received and for sale by
J. R. GARFIELD
114 Water street.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

1876. SATURDAY, OCTOBER 28. 1876.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.

NEW GOODS
AT
Wm. Semple's,
NOS. 165, 167 AND 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

Opened this day over
100 Pieces Cashmeres,
In rich shades of blacks and most beautiful new line of shades and colorings, specially adapted to street wear, and as usual with our prices in this line will be found a little less in price and better value than any heretofore offered.
Our usual lowest prices for
Black and Colored Dress Silks,
Stock of which will be found more than usually attractive, and unexceptionable good value.
Assorted Brown Silks at $1 and $1.12½.
Latest Novelties in Dress Goods,
Suitable for the season, in all grades, offered at the very lowest prices
Stock very complete, full and attractive.
We are selling at 50c per yard and upwards,
Extra Heavy Good Black Waterproof
And all the colors, green, blue, brown and plaid at the lowest prices.
Flannels, &c.
At 12½c, extra bargain in Gray Twilled Flannel.
At 16c, extra heavy Blue Twilled Flannel, worth 20c.
At 8, 10 and 12½c, good heavy Barred Flannels.
At 18½c, extra heavy Barred Wool Flannels.
At 12½c, best styles Tycoon Reps.
At 15 and 18½c, fine Tycoon Reps for Wrappers.
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1876. SATURDAY, OCTOBER 28. 1876.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.

NEW GOODS
AT
Wm. Semple's,
NOS. 165, 167 AND 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

Opened this day over
100 Pieces Cashmeres,
In rich shades of blacks and most beautiful new line of shades and colorings, specially adapted to street wear, and as usual with our prices in this line will be found a little less in price and better value than any heretofore offered.
Our usual lowest prices for
Black and Colored Dress Silks,
Stock of which will be found more than usually attractive, and unexceptionable good value.
Assorted Brown Silks at $1 and $1.12½.
Latest Novelties in Dress Goods,
Suitable for the season, in all grades, offered at the very lowest prices
Stock very complete, full and attractive.
We are selling at 50c per yard and upwards,
Extra Heavy Good Black Waterproof
And all the colors, green, blue, brown and plaid at the lowest prices.
Flannels, &c.
At 12½c, extra bargain in Gray Twilled Flannel.
At 16c, extra heavy Blue Twilled Flannel, worth 20c.
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At 18½c, extra heavy Barred Wool Flannels.
At 12½c, best styles Tycoon Reps.
At 15 and 18½c, fine Tycoon Reps for Wrappers.
Special bargains in Cloths, Cassimeres, Jeans, Ladies' Cloths, Plain and Barred, Woolens.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

Column of New Specialties.

At $1.00, just received, a fine Muslin Dressed Shirt, with 1890 Linen Fronts and Cuffs, extra well made, a special bargain.
At 60c, a special bargain in a Dressed shirt of fine material.
We are offering special inducements in
UNLAUNDRIED SHIRTS FROM 60 CENTS TO $1.00,
Being much less than usual and former prices.
A very large and complete stock of
Gents' White Underwear, Merino and All-Wool,
Of Foreign and Domestic makes, also in Real Scotch Gray Underwear, while extra bargains are offered in All-Wool Red Flannel and Knitted Shirts and Drawers. A fine line of Cloth Overshirts, and of other materials. Overalls, Cardigan Jackets and a full assortment of MEN'S GLOVES of all kinds, of which are unusual good value.
Beautiful lines of Ladies' and Misses' and Children's, Gents' and Boys'
IMPORTED AND AMERICAN HOSIERY,
In all grades, comprising none but the newest leading styles, at very lowest prices.
Just opened to-day another large shipment of
FUR TRIMMINGS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
The assortment of which surpasses any similar offering of the kind, both as to variety and prices.
Beautiful new line of all kinds of Feather Trimmings.
New Woolen and Silk Dress Fringes, in all the leading shades.
New Ruchings, Neckwear, Handkerchiefs, Collars, Sets, Gloves, &c.
Cardinal, Tak and Guipure Laces, fine assortment.
New Straw and Felt Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats and Bonnets.
New Woven and Hand Knitted Hoods, Caps, Jackets and Sacques.
New Imitation and finest Real Sealskin Hats and Caps.
Children's Fur Caps in White, Gray and Brown.

Beautiful Assortment of Seasonable Goods Arriving Daily,
AT
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,
Nos. 165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

NOTE.—We have just opened to-day a very large and beautiful assortment of Fancy Vases, Motto Cups, Moustache Cups, Toilet Sets, China, Glass and Queensware, all on exhibition in basement, which has been specially fitted up for the exhibition of these Goods, and to which we respectfully invite an examination.

OPENING
OF
SEAL SKIN GOODS,
CLOAKS, &C.,
ON
MONDAY, TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY,
October 23, 24 and 25,
At which time we will have on exhibition a large assortment of
LADIES'
Seal Sacques,
ALL SIZES,
SEAL MUFFS, SEAL BOAS.
Also, all the newest thing out,
Mantillas and Long Cloaks,
IN
Matalasse and Gros Grain Silks and Fancy Wool Cloths.
JOS. HORNE & CO.,
197 and 199
PENN AVE.

DEMOREST'S
FALL PATTERNS
AND
PORT FOLIOS.
NOW READY.
BARGAINS FOR CASH
IN
Hosiery, Underwear, Trimmings, Gloves, Yarns and Zephyrs, Ribbons,
AND
EMBROIDERIES.
NO. 37 FIFTH AVENUE.

J. D. Carlisle.
ARCHITECTS.

BOYD & GAMBLE
ARCHITECTS
GERMANIA BANK BUILDING,
Corner of Wood street and Diamond alley.

T. D. EVANS,
ARCHITECT,
Has returned from Europe.
OFFICE—56 FIFTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH.

BARR & MOSER,
ARCHITECTS
HAVE REMOVED to the GAZETTE building, Cor. Sixth avenue and Smithfield street.

E. M. BUTZ, Architect,
64 and 66 Federal street, Allegheny,
has designed and superintended the erection of the Penna. Reform School Buildings, German Evangelical Lutheran Church, Second Ward Public School, Allegheny, Seventh U. P. Church, 44th street, Pittsburgh, City Hall, New Castle, Pa., Hoyle Block, Federal street, Allegheny, and numerous public and private buildings.

BRIDGE WORK.
KEYSTONE BRIDGE COMPY
BUILDERS OF
Iron and Wooden Bridges,
Wrought Iron Turn Tables, Roofs, &c.
OFFICES—Cor. Forty-first and Harrison streets Pittsburgh; No. 614 South 4th street, Philadelphia.

JOHN GILLESPIE,
CHIMNEY SWEEP,
Fine Grate Setting,
ALL KINDS OF
Furnaces and Ranges Repaired and Chimneys Topped.
All orders left at No. 25 Strawberry alley, between Sixth and Seventh avenues, Pittsburgh, or at the Allegheny Postoffice, Box 89, will receive prompt attention.

GRAY'S ROOF PAINT
STOP ALL LEAKS
IN
OLD SHINGLE, TIN, FELT OR CANVAS ROOFS,
84 Diamond Street.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

OCTOBER 24, 1876.
B. AND B.
NEW CLOAKS
In Beaver Cloths, Matalasse, Basket Cloths, Diagonals and Fancy Cloths,
Misses' and Children' Cloaks.
All the newest things out; purchased from importers and best New York manufacturers during the past three days.
PRICES $3.00 TO $45.00 EACH.
New Beaver Shawls,
In choice styles.
Large lot all wool choice new genteel style Striped Shawls at $3, worth 50 per cent. more.
New Cloakings in 3-4 and 6-4, in all the new, fancy and plain colors from $1.25 per yard.
To arrive on Wednesday, 25 in, 3-4 Basket Cloakings, at $1.25. Also, 6-4 Goods at $4.25, both special bargains.

DRESS GOODS
Choice, stylish and lower prices than ever before. Large assortment new Basket Pattern
DRESS FABRICS,
At 20c, Extra quality ditto at 25c.
One case handsome 36-inch Imported Brocades at 25c, all choice new shades, and goods that sold for 37½c ten days ago.
One case new Black Brocades at 25c, very elegant goods.
Extra Fine Dress Goods in 3-4 and 6-4 from 50c to $2, in all the new shades and novel patterns.
Just opened choicest line of colors and best values in American and French
COLORED CASHMERES
We ever offered, from 20c to $1.25 per yard.
A bargain well worthy attention in Colored Cashmeres, 40 inches wide in a lot of 100 pieces at 20c per yard, 200 pieces
New Black Cashmeres,
The best bargains yet at 85, 90, 95c and $1.

BOGGS & BUHL,
128 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.
N. B.

FINANCIAL.

SHOE AND LEATHER BANK,

Cor: Diamond and Wood Streets,

In Germania Bank Building.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

CAPITAL, ... $200,000

D. R. DAVIDSON, President.
JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.

Deposits received and interest allowed on Time Deposits. Particular attention given to collections and proceeds promptly remitted.

DAILY GAZETTE.

FINANCIAL.

Latest Advices Concerning Money and Stock Matters.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, October 28, 1876.

The weather yesterday exerted a beneficial influence on business, and on the operations of the banks as well. There was a fair movement in all departments of local finances. The offerings of country paper are more liberal than those from any other single source. Mercantile collections in the interior have improved, and to some extent the supply of commercial paper has been decreased. The applications for loans with which to carry trade are not pressing. The loanable funds at the disposal of the banks are ample to meet all calls upon them, but there is not much of a surplus.

Rates of discount are 8@10 per cent. to regular customers; in some special cases special rates are made. On the street the supply of paper does not meet the demand. Rates are 8 per cent. and upward.

Exchange Bank stock was sold last evening at $61.60 at Thos. F. Stewart's sales rooms.

THE BUSINESS OUTLOOK.

The improvement in business is no longer a matter of dispute. The evidences in brief are:

1. An actual increase in the aggregate transactions of clearing houses at seven chief cities during the three weeks ending October 21, compared with the corresponding weeks last year, of $38,751,773 Though this increase is less than 3 per centum, it establishes the fact that transactions exceed those of last fall not only in quantities changed, but in values. As the fall in prices, in values also. In quantities, the increase appears to be over 13 per centum.

2. This improvement is greatest in New York, Philadelphia and Chicago, the very cities which have the most extensive trade with all parts of the country. At New York, the improvement in mercantile transactions is even greater than the clearings indicate, because dealings in stock during the same three weeks were smaller than during the corresponding weeks last year.

3. Receipts and shipments of grain largely exceed those of last year, the increase in October being over 10 per centum in quantity, and since the opening of navigation about 14,000,000 bushels, or 13 per centum. The daily production of petroleum though small to-day in the year, is now larger than at this time in 1875. The movement of cotton exceeds that of last year to date by 44,000 bales.

4. Railway returns show an increase of 1,900 loaded cars at Indianapolis last week, a large increase during the three weeks of October, and a volume of traffic exceeding the car capacity of the roads. Earnings thus far reported for October show a decrease of over 3 per cent. compared with last year, in spite of abnormally low rates.

5. Foreign trade is healthy rather than large, with a growing balance in favor of this country. The possibility of foreign war stimulates the movement of exports, but, independently of that cause, the condition of crops abroad promises an unusual demand.

6, Above all, there is no more speculative excitement. A few hours of wild gambling at Chicago over the price of wheat, or in this city over the price of gold, sufficed to prove that the brokers would have to do the whole business themselves in any speculative movement, for the public is not in a gambling humor. The advance of prices is maintained that does not seem to be warranted by a legitimate demand.

All these are excellent signs. They promise a great revival of business when ever the natural hesitation attending an exciting Presidential campaign has passed. If the country does not see the hopeful spirit checked and new distrust produced by the result of the election, we may reasonably look for lower gold, larger business, better employment for labor, advancing public credit, and better profits for enterprise and capital.

NO MISTAKE MADE.

Some western Republicans seem inclined to impute the failure to elect a Republican Governor in Indiana to the position taken in favor of a resumption of specie payments by all the speakers from the Atlantic States. But we regard it as somewhat of an achievement for the party to have stood up so manfully for resumption in a region where everybody had so long run wild after inflation, and where the public been catered to the delusion. The complete success at the West of the new silver currency does not show that entire devotion to rag money that is imputed to that region. Indiana, in the old wild cat bank era, had the very worst currency in the Union, and it is but natural that she should cling desperately to the greenbacks and no local bank notes that are so much better But let these people once be made familiar with gold and silver, and notes redeemable in coinage, and they will never again listen to such demagogues as Hendricks and Williams. Of the Indiana delegation just elected to Congress a majority will stand by the resumption act, and the same may be said of the Ohio delegation. The Republicans have really made no mistake, therefore, in their Western campaign in standing by the resumption act, and making it a distinct issue.

Robinson Bros., Brokers, No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following quotations of bonds and stocks from the latest advices by telegraph:

Gold	109¾	6-20's 1868 coupons	116¾
U. S. 6's 1881, coup	118	10-40's	114
" 1865	115¾	Currency 6's	124
" 1867	115¾	5 per cents	113¾
5-20's 1867	115¾	10-40's coupons	115¾

RAILWAYS.

N. Y. Central	104⅝	Ohio & Mississippi	31¾
Erie	18¾	Pittsburgh	91
L. S.	93	Toledo & Wabash	8
C. C. & I. C.	77	Adams Express	93
Pa. Paul	27	American Express	60
Do. Pref	57	American Express	60
Michigan Southern	87⅛	Wells, Fargo & Co. Ex	85
Do. Pref	84¾	Wells, Fargo & Co. Ex	85
Northwestern com.	38½	Quicksilver	12
Do. Pref	81⅜	Fort Wayne	101¾
Rock Island	102¾	Hannibal & St. Jo	10¾
Cleve. & Pitts	89½	Panama	147
Pacific Mail	28¾	Iron Mountain	12½
Western Union Tel.	74¾	N. J. Central	95⅝
Delaware, L. & W.	74¾		

Robinson Bros. furnish the following quotations of active stocks on the Philadelphia Stock Board.

P. R. R. (A)	48¾	Cen. Trans (B)	39¾
Reading (F)	34⅜	Empire do. (A)	—
U. Cos. of N. J. (B)	137	A. V. R. R. 7.30 (H)	103
Old Colony (B)	99	P. C. & St. L. 7-70 (A)	82
Lehigh Valley (B)	49¾	N. Pacific bonds	—

NEW YORK, October 27, 1876.

Money closed easy at 2½@3; prime mercantile paper 4@6. The customs receipts were $353,000. The Assistant Treasurer disbursed $202,000. The clearings were $14,000,000. Sterling was weak; 482@484 Gold opened at 109¾, fell off to 109¾, but late in the day became firm and advanced to 110⅛, at which it closed. The carrying rate was 1 per cent. Loans were also made flat, and at ½ and 2 per cent. for borrowing. Governments were firm. There was a firm feeling in railroad bonds this afternoon and the well distributed business was reported. Hannibal & St. Joe convertible sold up to 82, and closed at 82½ bid. Chesapeake & Ohio firsts advanced to 29½. Chicago, Burlington & Quincy brought 116½. Michigan Southern's second 100's, and Union Pacific land grants 100½@100½. State bonds were quiet.

The stock market opened ¼ per cent. higher than it closed yesterday for New York Central and Michigan Central, and 1 per cent. lower for Delaware & Hudson Canal, ½ for New Jersey Central, and ¼ for Pacific Mail and Erie. Otherwise there was no change from the opening until about noon, when the market was irregular. Western Union Telegraph advanced 1½ per cent., Lake Shore ½, and New York Central ¼. Michigan Central first advanced ¼, afterwards declined ¼, but by noon had advanced ¼ from the opening. Delaware & Hudson during the same time declined 1½. Delaware, Lackawanna & Western and New Jersey Central 1½ each, and Northwest ¾. In the next half hour the whole market declined ¼@1 per cent., the latter Western Union Telegraph and Michigan Central. After noon the market became firm and continued strong until the last half hour. Western Union was the most active stock, opening at 73¾, selling up to 74½, and closing at 74. In the last half hour there was a decline of 1-8@¼, which was partially recovered in final dealings in some cases. The strongest stocks to-day were Western Union Telegraph, Lake Shore and Michigan Central. The coal stocks, St. Paul and Northwest, were rather heavy throughout.

A conference was held to-day at the Grand Central depot between William H. Vanderbilt, of the New York Central Railroad, Mr. Bliss, of the Boston & Albany, Mr. Hickson, of the Grand Trunk, and Mr. Nowall, of the Lake Shore. The meeting was secret, and at its conclusion Mr. Vanderbilt stated that no mention was made regarding increasing east or west bound freight rates or passenger rates. The Erie, Baltimore & Ohio and Pennsylvania Companies were not represented.

The transactions were 167,000 shares, of which 60,600 were Western Union Telegraph, 4,000 Northwests, 17,000 St. Pauls, 31,000 Lake Shore, 4,500 Michigan Central, 38,000 Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, and 6,000 New Jersey Central.

Governments.—United States Coupons 1881, 118; 5-20s '65, 113 1-8; do. '67, new, 112¾; do. '67, 115¼; do. '68, 116; 10-40s, 114; do. coupons, 115¼; new 5s, 114 5-8; new 4½s, 111¼; currency 6s, 124.

State Bonds.—Tennessees old, 46½; do. new, 44; Virginia new, 28; do. old, 28; Missouri 6s, 107.

Stocks.—Western Union Telegraph Company, 74; Quicksilver, 12½; do. preferred, 17; Pacific Mail, 25; New York Central, 104 5 8; Adams Express, 107½; Wells, Fargo & Company's Express, 85½; American Express, 60; United States Express, 59½; Mariposa, 5; do. preferred, 6; Erie, 10½; do. preferred, 21; Harlem, 138; do. preferred, 133; Michigan Central, 51 1-8; Panama, 125; Union Pacific, 61½; Lake Shore, 61½; Illinois Central, 82½; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 89½; Western common, 38½; do. preferred, 61½; C. C. C. & I. C., 42; New Jersey Central, 35 5-8; Rock Island, 102½; St. Paul, 27; do. preferred, 56½; Toledo & Wabash, 6; do. preferred, 9; Ft. Wayne, 102; Terre Haute, 105½; do. preferred, 116; Ohio & Mississippi, 10½; Chicago & Alton, 102; do. preferred, 108; Delaware & Lackawanna, 74½; Atlantic & Pacific Telegraph Company, 16; Missouri Pacific, 3½; Atlantic & Pacific preferred, 2½; Indiana Central, 2½; Burlington & Quincy, 115 1 4; Hannibal & St. Joseph, 14½; Central Pacific, 9½; Union Pacific, 106½; Union Pacific land grants, 100½; Union Pacific Sinking Fund, 91½.

LONDON, October 27.—Consols, 95 7-16; 5-20s '65, 103; do. '67, 108½; 10-40s, 108; new 5s, 106 1-4; New York Central, 96; Erie, 10½; do. preferred, 18.

PARIS, October 27.—Rentes, 104f 95c.

FRANKFORT, October 27.—U. S. new 5s, 103 1-4

COMMERCIAL.

Condition of the Markets at Home and Abroad.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, October 27, 1876.

The leading merchandise markets present no important features deserving of special notice; general business continues fairly active, but there has been considerable jobbing in prices, with the exception that refined Sugars are higher.

APPLES—The receipts continue liberal, and with a supply considerably in excess of the demand prices are no better, ranging from $1a1,50 ₱ bbl.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Beginning to arrive pretty freely and meets a fair demand at 3¼a3½ ₱ pound.

BROOM CORN—Choice green brush that will work up, 5¼a6; choice hurl, 6¼a7c; medium, 5½c for green, and 5¼c for red tipped. Covers and inside, 4a5c; crooked, 2½a3½.

BUTTER—Continues dull, with liberal receipts, and the supply accumulating. Prime to choice rolls, 23a25c; fancy creamery, 30a32. Fair to prime solid packed, 17a20c.

CHEESE—Is fair demand, with jobbing sales at $1.40a1.50 per bushel.

CHEESE—Is in steady demand, and we are reported regular sales to the wholesale trade at 13¼a 13¾, and one cent additional in a jobbing way.

CHESTNUTS—$3a3,50 ₱ bushel.

CIDER—The market continues very dull, with considerable offering; quotable at $5,50a6,50 ₱ bbl, including for kegs.

CRANBERRIES—$9all per bbl.

DRIED FRUIT—Prime new Apples quoted at 5a 6c ₱ lb. Peaches in light supply, but there is little or no demand for them.

EGGS—Quoted at 26a27c for fresh stock and picking at 24a25. The supply of the latter is accumulating.

FLOUR—There is a fair demand and the market is steady, but prices remain unchanged. We continue to quote—in a jobbing way—as follows: good brands of winter or spring wheat, $6,50a6,75; patent process and fancy brands, $6a6,50. Rye flour, $4,50a5 per barrel.

GRAIN—There is a fair demand for Wheat, and the market may be quoted steady at $1,25a1,27 for good to prime Penna. and Ohio red. The Oat market continues easy, and with increased offerings prices are weak and a shade lower; we reduce our quotations to 37a38c. Corn continues quiet and unchanged. Old car quotable at 55a57c; sale of 1 car new at 45c; old Shelled, 48a50c free in elevator. Rye quiet and unchanged at 65a70c. Barley still ranges from 90c to $1,15, as to quality.

GROCERIES—Business continues rather quiet, and there is no change to note in prices, excepting that refined Sugars are higher, and, as will be seen, we have advanced our quotations ¼ of a cent ₱ lb. Coffee quiet and unchanged. There is a very fair demand for Teas and Rice, as well as most of the minor articles.

SUGARS.

Cut Loaf	12	Standard A	11¾
Crushed	11¾	Standard Ex C	11
Granulated	11¾	Ref. Yellow	9¼a10¼
Powdered	11¾	N. O.	9½a10½
Standard A	11¼		

SYRUPS.

Choice	60	Fair	50 a55
Prime	55 a60	Dark	40 a45

MOLASSES.

N. O. Choice	65	N. O. strictly prime	60
Fair	60	Demara	50a55

Young Hyson	35a50	Japan	40a55
Gunpowder	45a50	Oolong	35a55
Imperial	40a 75	Souchong	35a75

COFFEES.

Prime	27c
Second Grade	26c
Third Grade	24c
Good Staff a cent less.	

HAY—Loose is selling from country wagons at $12a16 per ton. No. 1 baled $14a15, and firmer. Straw, $8a10.

MILL FEED—Bran is in better supply and easier, $12,50a13 per ton; Middlings firmer and higher; $22a23.

ONIONS—In fair demand, but the supply is ample and prices remain unchanged; $2a2,50 ₱ bbl.

LARD OIL—There is a firm market and a good demand for winter strained. We quote Procter & Gamble's make as follows:

Double Extra Winter	95
Alexander Extra	90
No. 1	80
No. 2	70
Best White Miners	65
Do. Yellow	56

These are the jobbing prices—round lots can be bought at a shade lower prices.

POULTRY—Live chickens selling by the coop at 4½a5c ₱ pair, according to size.

POTATOES—We continue to quote at 45a55c per bu. on track, as to quality. Sweets unchanged at $2,50a3,50 ₱ bbl, the outside figure for prime Jerseys.

PROVISIONS—Continues fairly active, but the only change we have to note in prices is a decline of ¼ of a cent on Short Rib and clear Bacon Sides. Our latest advices both from Chicago and Cincinnati—at this writing, report those markets lower.

Hams—Ex S C ₱ lb	15	Lard, prime leaf, tcs	11¼
shoulders Ex S. C	10	Lard, Ref for summer use—in tres	11¾
S'fast Bacon S. C	14	Do. ....bbls	12¼
Dried beef Ex S. C	13¾	Do. ....½bbls	13¼
Beef Tongues S. C. per doz	85	Do. ....kits	12¾
Bacon Shoulders	8¾	Do. ....½ do	13¾
Short Rib Sides	10¾	Do. ....¼ pails	14¾
Clear Sides	10¾	Do. ....½ do	14
Mess Pork ₱ bbl	$18,50	Do. ....⅛ do	14¼
Short Cut do	18,50	Ham Sausage	9

SEEDS—Sales of Timothy seed at $2 ₱ bu. to the trade, and $2,15a2,25 in a small way.

TALLOW—Is reported easier; rough quoted at 4½; city rendered, 8¼c per lb; country, 7¾c.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, October 27, 1876.

Trade continues very dull, both in the raw article and the product, but it is hoped and expected that there will soon be a change for the better. Well informed operators are confident that the exporters will not be able to hold much longer, and just as soon as they commence to buy, business will revive but not before. Crude fluctuated today between $1a1,05, closing at 1,02½, with a very limited business.

Refined unchanged. Combination refiners are firm at 26c deliverable on the seaboard, with no buyers. Price to home trade unchanged at 23c.

Oil Barrels dull but unchanged at $1,30 for countries and $1,20 for city make.

RECEIPTS CRUDE OIL VIA A. V. R. R.

Shipper	Cons'ee		Bbls.
G. M. Robinson	J F Rental		159
S Craig	Empire o W		159
S Craig	Riverside ¿o W		89
Total			397

SHIPMENTS OF REFINED OIL EAST PER ALLEGHENY VALLEY AND B. AND O. RAILROADS.

Shipper	Consignee	Bbls.
American Oil Works	Brough, McK. & Co.	775

SHIPMENTS OF REFINED OIL EAST VIA A. V. R. R.

Shipper	Consignee	Bbls.
Standard Oil Co	Warden F. & Co. Phila.	2,9

Receipts of Pig Metal, etc.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

A. H. Childs m	3	Nimick & Co m	5
McConway T & Co s	1	W J Hammond s	2
Total			11

ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R.

Graff, B & Co m	5	Nimick & Co b	1
J Moorhead b	6		
Total			12

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R.

Lucy Furnace	10	P. H. & Co. o	4
Phillips N & Co o	2	Isabella Fur o	12
Jones & Laughlin o	2	Loomis A C p	7
Reese G & W. O	1		
Total			38

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE AND CHICAGO R. R.

Laughlin & Co o	11	Isabella Fur o	11
E. Thompson s, W'k m	12	Nimick & Co m	9
Byers & McC m	3	Carnegie & Co m	1
Lewis, G & P m	6	J. Painter m	4
Chess, S & Co m	1	W Springer s	1
J B Jones s	2		
Total			62

Cotton.

NEW YORK, October 27.—Cotton quiet; 11 and 11 3-16c; futures firm; October 11a11 1-32; November 11 1-32a11 3-16c; December 11¾@ January 11 13-32c; February 11 11-16a 11 23-32c.

THE IRON TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, October 27, 1876.

Pig Iron—The market for this important article has undergone no change since the date of our last review; the inquiry continues chiefly for small lots to supply immediate actual necessities, while prices remain unchanged. Good neutral to red short mill irons quotable at $21a22, 4 mos; the stock of the latter is small, as the consumption for some time past has been in excess of the production, and this being the case, it is held firmly at full prices. The stock of foundry irons is also comparatively light, although it is ample to meet present requirements. No. 1 quotable at $24a25, 4 mos; No. 2, $22½a23½; white and mottled, $18a20.

Following sales were reported:

WESTERN COKE.

55 tons Foundry ..... $24a24 00 4 mos

CHARCOAL.

110 tons Nos 1 2 and 3 Foundry HR 23a27 00 4 mos

EASTERN COKE.

160 tons Gray Forge ..... 21 00 4 mos

BITUMINOUS COAL AND COKE SMELTED FROM L. S. ORE.

100 tons Gray Forge	22 00	5 mos
200 tons No 2 Foundry	24 00	6 mos
20 tons No. 1 Foundry	28 00	4 mos
180 tons Gray Forge	22 00	4 mos
500 tons Gray Forge	21 00	cash
100 tons Gray Forge Extra	21 50	cash

MANUFACTURED IRON—Business is very generally reported unsatisfactory; the complaint is more of unremunerative prices than a scarcity of orders. The mills are nearly all resuming, and probably the production of merchant iron is almost, if not altogether, as large as it usually is at this season of the year, but it is said that current rates, for most of the leading sizes, do not more than cover actual cost, if that. We continue to quote bars at 2a2,20.

NAILS—The demand has dropped off considerably within the past week; some of our manufacturers think that the new branch of the Nail Combination has had something to do with it, and, if so, there is reason to look for an improvement after it is over. Prices firm but unchanged; $2,85, 60 days, for less than 200 kegs, and $2,75, 60 days, for orders of 200 kegs and upwards, with two ½ cent. off for cash.

HORSE AND MULE SHOES—Trade continues rather quiet, as it usually is at this particular time, while prices remain unchanged. Shoenberger & Co., quote at 4½c ₱ lb, cash, for Horse Shoes, and 5½c, cash, for Mule Shoes.

HARDWARE.—The general hard-ware trade is reported backward, not only here but elsewhere, like everything else it has been affected by the general stagnation in business; some of our manufacturers and jobbers are doing a fair business, but they are the exception, not the rule.

SCRAP.—There is a fair demand for scrap iron, but there has been no quotable change in prices for several months. No. 1 railroad wrought scrap, @25, 26, 4 mos.

Chicago Lumber Market.

Lumber was in fair demand at the sale docks and firm at the late advance. The offerings were under 20 cargoes, of which about 15 were sold, chiefly to the local retailers. Prices ranged as follows: Piece stuff, 7.50@7.75; common to fair inch, $8a10; good to choice do, $11a14; lath, $1.20; shingles, $2a2.25. Freights were firm at $1.75 to Manistee and $1.75¢ to Muskegon. There was no change at the yards. Trade is fair, though still smaller in volume than a year ago, and the market is tolerably steady under smaller receipts. The stock has been reduced somewhat during the week, Saturday's receipts being 200

HOME NEWS.

Parties who do not receive the GAZETTE by 7 A. M., are requested to notify the office, and the tardiness will be corrected at once.

The probabilities for to-day are falling barometer, southerly to westerly winds, warmer, partly cloudy weather, and possibly followed by rain areas.

Committee on Appeals.

The Committee on Appeals from City Assessments met last evening in the City Clerk's office, Mr. Fennerty in the Chair.

The following appeals were allowed: S. Walters, F. Booz, Lydia Jarrett, Barbara Cosgrove, Henry Schwarm, Jno. Boyd, Barbara Junghaus, Jane Gallagher and Wm. Duckham.

The following appeals were dismissed: Jno. Mackin, Samuel Fritz, Aaron Hyde, W. C. Brown, James Shidle, Lange, Genth & Thumm, Henry Stirm, Philip Mengis, Margaret Anderson, C. E. White, Charles A. Gross, Geo. E. Peebles, Mrs. Keefe and Richard Gillespie's heirs.

The committee has determined not to take any action where property is assessed at schedule rates.

Cutting Affray.

On Wednesday night a dance took place at the residence of Peter Kline, near Surgeon's Hall, on Brownsville avenue. About nine o'clock Kline and two men, named Frank Geltzheiser and George Rossner, started in a wagon to get something to drink. On the return they passed the residence of Conrad Kelzer, a neighbor of Kline's, where two of Kelzer's sons were at work pressing cider. The men in the wagon yelled some epithets at the two Kelzer boys, and they went out into the road to see who the men were. The latter then, as is alleged, jumped out of the wagon and a row ensued, during which both of the Kelzer's were badly, though not seriously, cut. On Thursday an information in the case was made before Mayor McCarthy, and Detectives Demmel and Long on the same evening arrested Kline and Geltzheiser, Rossner not being found. Kline claims that he took no part in the matter except to act as peacemaker. He was held in $1,000 bail for a hearing on November 6th. In default of bail Geltzheiser was committed for a hearing at the same time.

CREMATION.

Dr. Le Moyne's Furnace Pronounced a Success.

From the Washington, Pa., *Evening Reporter* we learn that the next morning after the cremation of the sheep in Dr. Le Moyne's furnace, an account of which was given in this paper yesterday, the retort was still red hot and continued so for a long time. This morning, about thirty-six hours after the furnace had been closed, it had cooled off sufficiently and the iron door which closed it was removed in the presence of the Doctor and a few friends. Nothing remained of the bodies and the coffin but about a gallon of dry dust ashes, and cremation in the furnace was pronounced a grand success.

On Tuesday afternoon when they were placed in the furnace the bodies of the two sheep weighed 162 pounds, and the box or coffin 64 pounds, making a total weight of 226 pounds, which was completely reduced to ashes, in bulk that would not more than fill a gallon measure.

A DEMOCRATIC FALL!

A Platform Breaks Down at a Democratic Meeting in Allegheny—Mr. Cochran Hurt—Other Casualties.

The Democrats had a meeting at the corner of Pine and Main streets, Allegheny, last evening, which met with a sudden termination. The platform, upon which were the speakers, officers, and a brass band, broke down about nine o'clock, and a number of persons were more or less injured. Hon. A. G. Cochran, who was speaking, was severely bruised. A little girl, who was standing near the platform was struck by the timbers, and had her left arm broken. One of the members of the band was quite seriously injured, and several other persons were hurt. Four or five of the instruments of the band were so badly broken that they are beyond repair. The names of persons hurt, except Mr. Cochran, could not be obtained, though fortunately none of the hurts are considered dangerous.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Quarterly Report of Meat Inspector—Financial Troubles of the Board.

The Board of Health yesterday afternoon held a regular semi-monthly meeting, Dr. McCord presiding, in the absence of Major Slagle, and Dr. Thomas acting as Secretary.

The Meat Inspector, Mr. Thomas W. Lindsay, made the following report for the quarter ending September 30, 1876:

Condemned and confiscated 600 pounds beef, 400 pounds veal, 300 pounds fresh fish, 87 gallons milk, 5 head calves, 3 head hogs, 3 barrels eggs, and 1 bullock.

The following shipments were made from the East Liberty stock yards during July, August and September: Cattle, 71,381 head; hogs, 187,304 head; sheep, 193,564 head. Dead stock during the quarter—Cattle, 18; hogs, 610; and sheep 431. Received and filed.

Dr. Thomas moved, in view of the financial difficulties, that the Board is in now, as the funds are all expended and councils refused to grant any further funds, that a detailed statement of the amounts expended during the year up to this date, and showing how much the Board will have and still needs to carry on its workings until the end of this fiscal year, be prepared and submitted to the Solicitor of the Board and the City Attorney for an opinion as to what course the Board should now pursue. Carried.

Adjourned.

PENN. TRANS. COMPANY.

An Over Issue of Certificates—Probability of a Failure.

The Oil City *Derrick* of yesterday has the following in regard to the Pennsylvania Transportation Company: "For several days past the principal theme of conversation in oil circles has been the embarrassment of the Pennsylvania Transportation Company, and the consequent decline in the value of paper issued by that corporation. The certificates of the company have been freely offered for sale for three days past, at prices considerably below the ruling market.

The shaky condition of the company was first brought to light last Monday, when a prominent oilman purchased 1,000 barrels of pipage paid oil, the line from which it was taken not being specified. When offered Pennsylvania Transportation oil he refused to take it, claiming that he had cars in and could get no oil from the line. Since then the paper of the line has gradually declined, sales to-day having been made as low as $2.30 here, and still lower, we are informed, at Parker.

A meeting of the directors and some of the stockholders of the company was held at Titusville this afternoon, but up to the time of this writing we have been unable to learn the result of their deliberations. We regret the occurrence very much, as it will tend to detract from the credit of all the pipe line companies more or less. We sincerely hope the matter may be satisfactorily arranged, and think it will, as we understand the stockholders are individually liable."

The Saddest of Sights.

Sad in the early morning to see the poor house fly waiting for some one to build a fire, but sadder still to see so many persons wearing half-worn and dilapidated boots and shoes, when the very best qualities, good and substantial, well calculated to protect the feet against cold and dampness, thereby insuring health and comfort, may be had at R. Taggart's, No. 129 Federal street, Allegheny, so cheap that all may be well shod. Great variety, good material, durable manufacture, and twenty per cent. less than other shoe houses. Beats all in cheapness.

A ROMANTIC MARRIAGE.

An Allegheny Couple go to Youngstown, Ohio, to Get Married—They Spend Their Honeymoon in the Lock-up.

The Youngstown *Register* and *Tribune* of Wednesday evening, gave details of a marriage ceremony performed by the Mayor of that city the night before, the contracting parties being August Keller and Maggie Fair, both of Allegheny city. The paper stated that the loving couple shortly after their arrival at the depot in the morning had hired a buggy and driven some distance over a muddy road, and upon their return were all bespattered with mud and saturated with beer. They, however, sought out the Mayor and instructed that he should unite them, which after due hesitation and reflection he concluded to do. The same paper of the next day has the following interesting account of the further movements and misfortunes of the promising pair.

"There was a sequel to the marriage performed by the Mayor, Monday night, an account of which was given yesterday. It appears that Mr. and Mrs. Keller did not start for their Allegheny home yesterday morning after all. The marriage had been consummated it is true, but the expense of jollifying had exhausted all the bride's funds, and so it happened that when they hired a horse and buggy at Callahan's livery stable and broke the dashboard of the buggy, they hadn't the funds to settle damages, and the hard-hearted liveryman had the bridegroom of twelve brief hours locked up, and yesterday afternoon the Mayor, who had made the twain one, was called upon to rend them in two again, at least for a time. Fourteen dollars was the amount of August's fine, and, alas, he had it not. The bride pleaded in vain, and August was put behind the bars until last evening, when through the exertions of the wife's security for the fine was obtained and August released."

Notice.—For some time past many of our customers have been disappoin' d in not getting what French bread they w sted at our retail department, No. 18 Fifth avenue. We have increased our facilities and will endeavor hereafter to have a full supply for all.

S. S. MARVIN & Co.

TILDEN'S TREACHERIES.

The Brady's Bend Story a True One.

SPEECH OF EX-SUPERINTENDENT DUDLEY.

How Tilden, the "Reformer," Swindled the Brady's Bend Men—A Full History of the Affair.

At last the evidence is given that was needed to prove the truth of the story which has been often told, as often denied, and but little believed, in reference to Tilden's unprincipled transactions in connection with the Brady's Bend Iron Works. Mr. H. A. S. D. Dudley, who was superintendent of the works when they were run by a partnership firm, who was one of the incorporators of the company that was afterward organized, and who was, up to 1865, Superintendent of the works under the new management, and who, therefore, better than any other man in the country, perhaps, is able to give the true story, has at last spoken. He has been frequently urged to tell what he knew of Tilden's connection with the affair, and explain to what extent the oily "reformer" was responsible for the disaster that blighted the village—a disaster that was the result of the most stupendous fraud; but up to within a few days Mr. D. has steadfastly declined to speak. However, he at last consented to tell what he knew, and did so in two speeches at Brady's Bend on Thursday, on which day two large Republican mass meetings were held, afternoon and evening. Since the dissolution of his connection with the company Mr. Dudley has resided in Boston, where his reputation, as here, where he is also well known, is that of an honest, truthful, upright man, a person above the shadow of reproach. It was on account of this reputation of his, quite as much as for the knowledge he possessed, that he was urged to speak. He has done so, and the weight of his evidence will be severely felt by the arch-schemer, Samuel J. Tilden, so long as the crumbling ruins, the rusting rolls, and the silent machinery of the once great and busy mill remain a monument to the "reformer's" grasping and unscrupulous avarice.

EXTENT OF THE WORKS.

It is hardly necessary to give a description of the works of the Brady's Bend Iron Company. All over this State, and to a certain extent throughout the country, it is known that the firm was one of the largest, and the mill one of the most extensive in the land. When in active operation constant employment was given to between one thousand five hundred and two thousand men. It's importance, therefore, to the section in which the works were situated, is easily imagined.

Very wisely and appropriately, the meetings were held in the large but now empty warehouse of the mill, with the rust and ruin of the great works on all sides of it. Here, in the midst of mouldering silence, where once had been the crash and racket, and roar and hum of prosperous industry, Mr. Dudley told in a plain, convincing way, the story of how the ruin, penury and want came. Mr. Dudley met with a most hearty reception, because the people who had known him for so long, trusted and believed him explicitly; as many had said before he spoke: "I don't believe the story, but if Mr. Dudley says it is so, I will believe him."

Mr. Dudley indulged in no attempts at oratory, but spoke freely, easily and confidently, in a way that had more effect than any attempt at oratory would have had. He had a story to tell, and told it simply.

THE SPEECH.

In introduction he said he did not intend to speak from hearsay, but to tell facts within his own knowledge. He then proceeded to give a full history of the Brady's Bend Iron Company, and Tilden's connection therewith.

The works were first opened in 1845, or about that time, by a party of Boston capitalists. Although the concern was a strictly private one, interest in it was designated by certificates of stock. Mr. Dudley became the superintendent of the works in 1850. At that time the partners were Mathias P. Sawyer, Samuel May, J. W. Hall, A. D. Bowman, Robert Farley and G. Farley, of Boston, and David Selden, of New York, the capital stock being $375,000. These men ran the works for eight years, at a fair profit. Mr. Sawyer, who owned 225 of the 375 shares, died in April, 1857. His interest, as a portion of his estate, was bequeathed in his will to the Massachusetts General Hospital, the trustees of which made his interest a pecuniary legatees. This caused a sale of the property, and a dissolution of partnership. The next year, 1858, in February, the works were shut down, and remained suspended until 1862. In the meantime Mr. William B. Ogden, of Chicago, had purchased the entire interest for $250,000. This was in 1860, and in 1861 the company was incorporated by the Legislature of the State of Pennsylvania.

TILDEN AN INCORPORATOR.

The charter was granted to the following gentlemen: H. A. S. D. Dudley, Jno. H. Haines, W. D. Slack and Joseph Winslow, of Brady's Bend; Geo. W. Cass, of Pittsburgh; W. B. Ogden, Henry D. Ogden, and Edward H. Shelding, of Chicago, and *Samuel J. Tilden*, of New York. "It has been asserted," said Mr. Dudley, "that Samuel J. Tilden was never an incorporator of this company, because his name of Armstrong county do not contain his name. Of course they do not. But if you search the records at Harrisburg it will be found."

The company was organized September 25, 1862, with Wm. B. Ogden, President; W. D. Slack, Secretary, and Geo. M. Wheeler, Treasurer; all of the incorporators composed the Board of Directors. The capital stock was $500,000, with power to increase the same, as the Directors should deem advisable with the increasing interests of the concern, the maximum being $2,000,000. The stock was divided as follows. The Brady Bend corporation controlled $100,000; Mr. Ogden had $100,000; Tilden $50,000, and the balance was controlled in New York.

TILDEN TAKES AN "ACTIVE INTEREST."

Mr. Ogden told the speaker, when they first talked about making the works a stock concern, that he thought a splendid move if they could only get Tilden interested in the company in some way. Mr. Dudley went on to say that Tilden did take an active interest in the concern and took an active part in the organization of the corporation. He could not shield himself by any such dodge as claiming that he was merely acting as an attorney for the company; this was not true. He acted as a stockholder and director.

The first dividend of the company, ten per cent., was declared in the fall of 1863. In the next spring another dividend was declared of thirty per cent. cash and forty per cent. in stock. A new issue of certificates was made to pay the stock dividends, and the capital stock of the Company was thus increased to $700,000.

This increase the concern was able to stand, because the value was rapidly increasing in value, and was then doing a very brisk and prosperous business; but when these dividends had been paid the subject of

WATERING THE STOCK

to $2,000,000 was broached. The Brady's Bend stockholders protested against this, but the New York men, headed by Samuel J. Tilden, had things their own way, and the minority could only submit as gracefully as possible. The real estate was accordingly marked up to $1,900,000, and the machinery valued at $100,000, making in all $2,000,000. When the watering process was completed, which was in 1865, Mr. Dudley, who saw that he was dealing with a set of men entirely devoid of principle, tendered his resignation as Superintendent. Before the resignation had been acted upon by the Board of Directors, Mr. Dudley was called upon by Tilden and Ogden, and the latter, instructed by Tilden, offered Dudley $25,000 of stock if he would withdraw his resignation for a year. Mr. Dudley declined to entertain this proposition, but re-wrote his resignation, and worded it in such a way that it was not misunderstood, but was accepted by the Board. From that day until it collapsed the concern never paid a dividend.

THE CRASH.

The final operation which completed the ruin that the stock-watering process had inaugurated, briefly was as follows:

First mortgage bonds to the amount of half a million dollars were issued, and these were mostly taken up by the stockholders. Under this heavy load the corporation soon began to stagger, and a second issue of the same amount was voted, thus increasing the indebtedness of the works to one million dollars. These second mortgage bonds were not very extensively sold, but were used chiefly as securities in banks. About this time Tilden and Ogden began to work off their stock, in a quiet sort of way, but very shrewdly held on to the mortgage bonds, on which they were drawing interest, so that when the crash came they, as holders of these bonds, put in their claims as creditors.

In conclusion Mr. Dudley emphatically repeated that Samuel J. Tilden, and his coadjutors had laid the foundation for the very monument which Time has built in the ruins that surrounded him. Tilden, he said—and he had had every opportunity for knowing him—is a purely selfish man, one of the most, if not the most selfish man he ever knew.

A FALSEHOOD.

Before taking his seat Mr. Dudley alluded to a story that had been circulated, by which it was attempted to implicate Hon. Wm. A. Wheeler, our candidate for Vice President, in the affair. This was the charge made by John Gilpin of Kittanning, that George M. Wheeler, the Treasurer of the Company, who made a not very enviable reputation in connection with that affair, is a brother of Hon. Wm. A. Wheeler. This, Mr. Dudley said, he knew to be false. The two men are not the most remotely related.

With an audience composed largely of people who had been injured by this gigantic swindle, it can easily be imagined that Mr. Dudley's remarks made a deep impression. They have only to look about them at the desolation which was wrought by Tilden, through treachery and avarice, to confirm them in their vow that no such man as he shall ever be President of the United States.

In the old warehouse, where the meetings were held on Thursday, was a placard conspicuously displayed, bearing these significant words: "The Brady's Bend Iron Company, as Reformed by Samuel J. Tilden."

At the afternoon meeting a speech, and in Curry, of Indiana, made a speech, and in the evening Hon. J. T. Updegraff, of Ohio, spoke. But the importance of Mr. Dudley's remarks overshadowed everything else.

MEETING IN ALLEGHENY.

Mr. James I. Bennett on the Stump.

There was an immense assemblage of Republicans in the Allegheny Diamond last night, which was addressed by W. C. Stillwagon, Esq., and James I. Bennett, Esq., one of our leading manufacturers.

The meeting was called to order by Mr. John Megraw, on whose motion the following officers were elected.

President—Wm. B. Rogers.

Vice Presidents—James Park, Jr., G. W. Errett, John F. Jennings, James H. Sewell, Fred. Lang, G. P. Bellstein, John McKenna, Robert M. Blair, Joel Smith, Andrew Lysle, T. D. Messler, Wm. Heagy, J. W. Krepps, John Heath, Hugh S. Fleming, George R. Riddle, Jr., Charles Hartman, Jos. McNaugher, Geo. Day, Lewis Moni, Peter Wilhelm, Wm. Swindle, Jas. Hunter, G. B. McNulty.

Secretaries—Reporters of the press.

The President made an eloquent address, and was followed by W. C. Stillwagon, Esq., who held the crowd for nearly an hour with a speech of more than ordinary force.

James I. Bennett, Esq., was observed on the stand, and the crowd insisted on his making a speech. He said he had come there to hear a distinguished orator from another city, and had not expected to be called upon for a speech, but he thought it would not be right to sit still and not say a word in favor of Hayes and Wheeler and Errett and Bayne. (Great applause.) He thought if the Democrats were coming up with a solid South to rule this country, it was our duty to meet them with a solid North. The speaker closed his remarks by commending Colonel Bayne as a gallant soldier and an able man, who would faithfully look after the great interests of this community when he takes his seat in the next Congress. As to Major Russell Errett, the candidate for Congress in the twenty-second district, the speaker had known him for more than twenty-five years, and he would willingly and cheerfully bear testimony as to his honesty and ability. There was not a man in the country better qualified to represent us in Congress. Mr. Bennett's remarks were greeted with great applause.

Mr. Pope entertained the audience with several of his best campaign songs, after which excellent speeches were made by Mr. John Megraw, I. N. Patterson, Esq., and others, and the meeting adjourned.

Household Gas Works.

A very pleasant party of gentlemen, illuminated by a few ladies, were the guests of Messrs. Smith & Goldthorp on a trip by rail to Morganza, yesterday. Besides a number of prominent citizens there were several strangers from New York and elsewhere, all of whom were afforded an opportunity to visit the group of main and auxiliary buildings, now nearly completed, to be occupied, probably in December, by the Pennsylvania Reform School. These buildings and the extensive grounds connected with them have been heretofore described in the GAZETTE. The brief object of the excursionists was to examine the *"Household Gas Works,"* erected for the school by Messrs. Smith & Goldthorp, on a plan which they have patented, and which, it is claimed, has proved entirely successful at various public and private houses, where it has been thoroughly tested. When we say *successful* we mean that a fixed gas of excellent quality is manufactured by an exceedingly simple and cheap process from petroleum. The machinery is about as simple and devoid of complication as a common coffee mill, and we were assured by a boy of 12 years could be taught in half an hour to run the works at Morganza, which are of a capacity to supply 2,000 burners; that the gas was of such quality that a one foot burner, or a burner that would consume one foot per hour of this gas, would yield as much light as an ordinary burner consuming five feet per hour of coal gas, and that practically this gas will cost only about one-fifth as much as common coal gas, the follow price for the latter at which it is furnished in this city. Such economy as this cannot fail to bring "The Household Gas Works" into general favor.

Messrs. S. & T. Fairbanks & Co.,

St. Johnsburg, Vermont, the acknowledged standard scale makers of the world, have received the following from the United States Centennial Commission, at Philadelphia, as *basis* of their award for Platform Scales and Weighing Beams:

REPORT.

For originality in design, excellence of construction, quality of workmanship and material, accuracy and durability. The exhibit of FAIRBANKS & Co. comprises a great variety of forms and sizes of Scales, adapted to every branch of business, such as Railway Track, Wagon, Stock, Coal, Miner's, Dormant, Portable Platform, Grocer's Counter, Druggist's, and Postoffice Scales; Weighmaster's Beams and Testing Scales. The construction of all is excellent in plan and execution, insuring sensibility and endurance.

(Signed) A. T. GOSHORN,
Director General.
[Seal] J. R. HAWLEY, President.
Attest—J. L. CAMPBELL, Secretary.
Pittsburgh warehouse,
FAIRBANKS, MORSE & Co.,
48 Wood street.

A Radiant Home.

The pleasures of the home circle have been a fashionable theme, but nothing so much contributes to the loveliness of a home on a wintry evening as a cheerful fire. And the "Radiant Home" Stove, with its illuminating and heat radiating windows, is the very perfection of cheerfulness. This stove is constructed with a larger amount of mica surface than any other, thus increasing its efficiency, and having an open top magazine, there can be no explosion from the operation of gas. It is very ornamental in appearance, and constructed with an oven it becomes a first-class baker. Its powerful heating capacity renders it the most economical stone in use. Let those who contemplate the purchase of a satisfactory stove call on George W. Stevenson & Bro., 131 Federal street, and examine the "Radiant Home."

Ladies' Furs.

The very extensive line of Fine Ladies' Furs that is now being shown at the extensive Fur Rooms, of Charles Hartman, Oglevee, 139 Wood street, is creating quite a sensation and thronging this house daily with customers who not only examine the beautiful line of Seal Sacques, Seal Setts, Otter Setts, Mink, Sable Setts, &c., but give practical expression to their admiration by making extensive purchases and recommending all their friends to go and do likewise.

Please call and examine the stock of Ladies' Furs at this first class house before purchasing. Don't forget the place, Fleming & Oglevee, 139 Wood street.

The Boston Clothing House.

No. 95 Smithfield street, Howard Block, is now offering for sale an immense stock of ready-made clothing, just received from the East, at prices which in these hard times should make it an object for the people to visit their establishment. In all the different departments the stock will be found full and complete. Men's, boys' and youths' suits, made from new pattern goods, in the latest style, especially for this year's fall and winter trade. Business is done strictly on a cash basis at the Boston, and therefore the buyer receives the advantage of the discounts. Call and inspect their stock. Remember the Boston Clothing House, 95 Smithfield street.

Any Thing You Want.

Gildenfenny & Co., No. 63 Fifth avenue, have for the entertainment, edification and amusement of the people a fine selection of choice literary works, with a sprinkling of first-class light literature of the latest, freshest and purest character. The Eastern weeklies, monthlies and standard magazines received on the day of publication. All the leading fashion magazines, with a fine assortment of stationery, fancy goods, &c., at lowest figures. Call and be supplied.

"Baltimore" Fire Place Heaters.

Three rooms warmed by one fire. Call and see them at 49 Sixth street.

Our customers can always buy Morrison's Star Shirts or any other goods in our line as cheap of us as of any rival establishment. For six months past we have been selling a good laundried shirt for $1.00. We are now closing our Star Shirts at cost.
F. H. EATON & Co.

"Glad I've a Sweet Tooth,"

Was the expression overheard in the vicinity of Blair's the other day. The fair speaker had just invested in Blair's delightful candy, made of walnuts. This confection is eminently appropriate to the present time of the year, when nuts of all kinds are in season. Try Blair's Candies, 39 Fifth avenue.

WATCHES!

How Every Lady Can Wear One.

Ladies' Solid Gold Unredeemed Watches at $15, $16, $17 and $18 warranted, at E. DeRoy's only Loan Office, 153 Smithfield street, GAZETTE building, 153.

ANOTHER SUICIDE AND DEATH!

What the People Say About It!!

A lady in Scranton commits suicide because she could not afford a watch. Had she known that E. DeRoy is selling Beautiful Unredeemed Watches for Ladies at $15, $16, $17 and $18, it could have been avoided. Don't forget 153 Smithfield street, GAZETTE building, 153.

Men's Rubber Half Soles, Tanners' Grease in small boxes, and French Kid Paste to blacken and soften all kinds of Kid Shoes, for sale by
C. H. DIETRICH,
160 Smithfield street.

Cloaks.

We are now offering a choice line of Fall and Winter wraps, embracing all the latest styles in plain and fur, Beavers and Matelasse cloth cloaks. New cash house,
BIBER & EASTON.

AMONG THE CHURCHES.

Brief Notes of Matters Personal and Otherwise.

PROF. THOMAS C. STRONG, D. D., will preach in the Third Presbyterian church to-morrow.

IT is reported that Rev. R. S. Van Cleve, pastor of the Leetsdale Presbyterian church, will probably decline the call to the Seventeenth street church, Denver.

ON to-morrow evening at 7:30 a Centennial sermon will be preached in the Central Reformed Presbyterian church, Allegheny, by the pastor, Rev. J. W. Sproull.

REV. J. R. KYLE, pastor-elect, will occupy the pulpit to-morrow at 10½, and 3 o'clock, of the Second U. P. church, Sixth avenue. All are cordially invited.

THE Rev. A. E. Luty will preach to-morrow morning in the Thirty-third street M. E. church, and at the Tenth ward, Allegheny, school house in the evening.

THE joint committee appointed by the Pittsburgh and East Ohio M. E. Conferences will meet in the Preachers' Meeting Room, this city, on Tuesday next at one o'clock P. M.

THE Gospel meeting at Soho Methodist church commences at seven o'clock Sunday evening, and will be addressed by Prof. C. H. Baglay, returned missionary. All are invited.

THE semi-annual meeting of the Executive Committee on Woman's Work for Women, of the Presbytery of Kittanning, in the church of Freeport, will be held on Tuesday.

THERE will be communion service held in the Fulton street church of the Evangelical Association to-morrow at 10½ A. M. Rev. G. S. Davis, P. E., will preach. Love feast at 2½ P. M.

REV. R. W. PEARSON, D. D., after his return from Philadelphia and the Exposition, preaches to-morrow morning, in the Fourth avenue Baptist Church, on the "Guests at the Three Taverns."

REV. W. S. PLUMER, D. D., of Columbia, S. C., formerly of Allegheny city, delivered a discourse last Sabbath evening in the West Spruce street church, Philadelphia, on the life, character and services of Dr. Witherspoon.

REV. A. B. LEONARD, pastor of Walnut Hills M. E. church, Cincinnati, formerly of this city, whose life was so long despaired of, has returned from Kansas with improved health, and expects shortly to be able to preach again.

THE subject for the sermon by Rev. E. B. Snyder to-morrow morning in the Emory M. E. church, East End, is "The Fact and Evidences of Spiritual Adoption." The subject for the evening discourse is, "The Lessons of the Fading Leaf."

REV. FRANK EVANS, of Gallion, Ohio, will preach at the Universalist church, corner of Grant street and Third avenue, on Sunday morning and evening. Subject of morning discourse: "The Increase of Infidelity; Its Cause and the Cure." All are invited.

REV. H. O. GIBBONS, late Principal of the Fifteenth ward schools, of this city, and a recent graduate of Allegheny Theological Seminary, was ordained and installed pastor of the Church of Annapolis, on the 13th of October, by commission of the Presbytery of Baltimore.

THE Synod that has been holding its sessions in the Shady Side Church of this city is a Presbyterian, and not a United Presbyterian body, the very positive assertion of the *Leader* editorially to the contrary notwithstanding. It is the Synod of Pittsburgh of the Presbyterian Church.

THE Synod of Pittsburgh at its session last week at Washington, Pa., elected Rev. R. B. Ewing, D. D., Rev. J. R. Johnston and Mr. James P. Hanna Trustees of Westminster College, and Rev. J. G. Brown, D. D., Rev. J. C. Boyd and Mr. Wm. Martin Directors of the Allegheny Theological Seminary.

SIMPSON CHAPEL, in the Eighth ward, Allegheny, has been for some time undergoing repairs. It has been frescoed, painted and otherwise beautified, and will be formally reopened to-morrow with appropriate services. The pastor will be assisted in the morning by Rev. A. H. Miller, and in the evening by Rev. N. G. Miller.

THE pulpit of the Second Presbyterian church (late Dr. Howard's, corner Penn avenue and Seventh street), in charge to-morrow by the Rev. Augustus Broadhead, D. D., for eighteen years a missionary of the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions at Allahabad, India. Morning service at 10:30 o'clock and evening service at 7:30 o'clock.

THE Central Presbyterian church, on Smithfield street, above Sixth avenue, of which Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D. D., was formerly pastor, has given a call to Rev. F. L. Senour, who has been supplying this church in connection with the Seventh, at Titusville, for some time. The house of worship of the Central church has been thoroughly renovated, and the internal arrangements greatly improved.

THE Cumberland *Presbyterian* says: "We have, for the first time in its publication, in the First Cumberland Presbyterian Church, Nashville, Tenn., three violins, a clarionet, cornet, trombone and bass viol have been added to the choir and large organ. It makes an excellent orchestra, and great crowds fill the church every Sabbath. Whether it will result in spiritual edification, or mere entertainment and gratification remains to be seen."

A ROOM has been fitted up at No. 180 East street, Allegheny, for the purpose of holding a Mission Sabbath School at two o'clock every Sunday afternoon. All interested in missionary work are invited to be present and lend their aid. The monthly missionary meeting will be held at the same place to-morrow evening. The Ladies' Sewing Society meets every Saturday at two o'clock P. M. Prayer meeting every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

DR. J. G. MORRIS, of Baltimore, will preach in the Lutheran church, corner of Stockton avenue and Arch street, Allegheny, to-morrow morning and evening. Subject: "The Reformation." Services to begin at 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Dr. Morris is one of the ablest historians of of the Reformation in this country, and is thoroughly acquainted with the subject. Also, on Tuesday evening, October 31st, at 7:30 P. M., the congregation will celebrate the Reformation, of which Dr. Morris will deliver a lecture on the subject. All are invited.

A PLEASANT reunion took place last Sabbath at the Sandusky street Baptist church, Allegheny city. Rev. Dr. Dowse, the former pastor, was present, and preached an able discourse in the morning. In the evening he spoke again, and gave many interesting reminiscences of his old charge. At the close of the services his former members gathered round him and by their cordial greetings exhibited their kind remembrances of his labors. The Reverend gentleman left for home highly pleased with his reception. Mr. Downer is a thorough scholar, a sound theologian, and an excellent preacher. He is now pleasantly situated as pastor of the Ridley Park Baptist Church, in one of the beautiful suburbs of Philadelphia.

REV. T. N. BOYLE, the newly appointed Presiding Elder of the Pittsburgh District of the M. E. Church, has commenced his first quarterly visitation to the churches of this city, and next week he held quarterly services at Smithfield street church. Last Sabbath he occupied the pulpit of Liberty street church twice most acceptably, and also preached an address to the Sunday School. He will hold a Quarterly Conference at this church Friday evening, November 3d. The usual Love Feast will take place on Sunday or Monday. To-morrow he will hold quarterly services at the Fifth avenue church. Mr. Boyle is a capital preacher, and is in vigorous health and very active in the duties of this responsible office.

THE Pittsburgh *Catholic* announces this week the death of Mother Gertrude Blake, of the Order of Mercy, which occurred at the Webster avenue Convent on Saturday. She was buried at St. Xavier's Cemetery, at Latrobe, on Monday last. She was one of the most broad-minded members of the Order of Mercy, devotedly loved by the Sisterhood, and justly esteemed and revered by a large circle of friends among the clergy and laity. To the Sisters, she was a last link with their venerable foundress, being the only surviving member of the band who first received and professed in the early days of the Order by Mother McAuley. Mother Blake was seventy years of age, forty of which she passed in the Order, the last thirty in the Pittsburgh Diocese.

WE saw an account a few days ago relating to the number of Catholics who had become Protestants through the ministrations of the various missionary societies of the sect. While somewhat incredulous about these reports, we wish to inform these zealots that the Catholics of whom they have made good Protestants through the aid of pea-soup and the god of the mercenary, the "almighty dollar," are not just the kind of people in whom great confidence ought to be placed on a very trying occasion. They are slippery creatures and the bargain they struck with their new "religious" associates is likely to be one which the buyer will have cause to remember longer than he cares about. * * * The Protestant that becomes a Catholic is in truth a convert. The Catholic who embraces Protestantism is an apostate—not a convert. * * * Loud sounding reports may command dollars and cents, when they tell of "conversions from Rome," but they cannot command the credulity from Catholics which the pious old ladies of the sects with plethoric purses award them.—*The Catholic.*

F. H. Eaton & Co.

Are daily receiving Coats, Cloaks, and Dolmans, of the latest styles, made of Cloaking Silks, Mohair and Silk Mattalasse, Chinchilla, Beaver and Basket Cloths. Their sales are largely in excess of any former year, and their prices are the lowest offered by any establishment East or West.

The Electoral Vote

In a few States is uncertain, but there is no doubt as to the neatness of fit and excellence of suits manufactured by Bleakly & Kunz, No. 70 Smithfield street.

Only $5.00.

Men's French calf, button boots, sewed, new style, broad toe, at 38 Fifth avenue Sign of the world.

Buy the

"Chilson Furnace." "Wellman's Reflector Grate."

Heel Protectors

to keep socks or stockings from wearing out at the heel, for sale by C. H. Dietrich, 160 Smithfield street.

Cloaks.

For something stylish go to
BIBER & EASTON.

THE COURT RECORD.

A Complete Record of the Proceedings in the Courts Yesterday.

Supreme Court.

(Before Chief Justice Agnew and Justices Sharswood, Mercur, Gordon, Paxson and Woodward.)

Shumate vs. McGanty. Error to the Common Pleas of Cambria county. Argument resumed by Linton for plaintiff in error and R. J. Johnston contra.

Overholt & Co. vs. First National bank of Mt. Pleasant. Errors to the Common Please of Westmoreland county, there being four cases. Argued together by Cowan and McCullough for plaintiff in error and Fulton contra.

Fry and wife vs. Wray; error to the Common Pleas of Indiana county. Argued by Banks for plaintiff in error, and Clark contra.

Potts et al. vs. Wright; error to the District Court of Cambria county. Argued by Banks for plaintiff in error, and McLaughlin contra.

U. S. District Court.

(Before Judge Ketcham.)

United States vs. Joseph Long, indicted for breaking into the postoffice in Allen Jefferson county, was found guilty.

United States vs. David Kelly, of Butler county, indicted for fraudulently executing a bond, was acquitted.

United States vs. the owners of the steamer Jack Gumbert, charged with a violation of the rules adopted for the Government of passenger steamers. It was alleged that the defendants carried a quantity of straw on board as freight without obeying the precaution of covering it with a tarpaulin. On trial.

IN BANKRUTCY.

J. W. Franz, bankrupt, Blair county, on motion the memorandom and certificate of conformity referred back to Register Brotherline for correction.

Octavius Abbey, bankrupt, Erie county, petition for discharge presented and order made for a hearing before Register Woodruff on the 25th of November.

Peter H. Pollen, bankrupt, Luzerne county, Register's report distributing the funds derived from the sale of certain real estate presented and confirmed *nisi*.

Common Pleas No. 1.

(Before Judges Sterrett and Collier.)

James B. Meanor, administrator, vs. Josiah W. Gray et al.; previously reported. Verdict for plaintiff for $4,222.66. The case was *not pressed* as to Mr. Gray.

John S. Sorg vs. Tradesmen's Industrial Institute. Action for work done in the basement of the Exposition building. Verdict for plaintiff for $7,006.78, the amount of the claim with interest.

Isaiah Faulder vs. David L. Smith. Verdict for defendant.

Isaiah Faulder, et al., vs. the same. Verdict for defendant.

Duquesne National Bank vs. Joseph Meyer & Son. Leave granted to withdraw affidavit of defence.

Thomas O'Connell vs. Dumas Luty; action for rent. On trial.

Samuel Parker was appointed Judge of Elections for the Third district, Second ward, Allegheny.

Orphans' Court.

(Before Judge Hawkins.)

Estate of Wm. Mooney, deceased. Testimony taken in relation to the administrator's account.

Criminal Court.

(Before Judge Ewing.)

In the case of the Commonwealth vs. E1. McClanahan, reported yesterday, the jury returned a verdict of not guilty, and the prosecutor, Fannie L. Yeager, to pay the costs.

The jury in the case of Wm. Sweeney, indicted for keeping a disorderly house, the jury returned a verdict of guilty.

Commonwealth vs. Thomas Miller, indicted for assault and battery, on oath of George Young; *nolle pros.* allowed on payment of costs by defendant.

Commonwealth vs. William Bender, indicted for larceny on oath of Joseph Redpesh. Verdict of not guilty.

Commonwealth vs. John Lewis, indicted for assault and battery, on oath of Chas. Beckert. Verdict of not guilty and costs divided.

Commonwealth vs. Frank Gallaher, Chas. Kerman and Chas. Wright, indicted for attempting to enter a building with intent to commit a felony, on oath of Officer Cronin. The officer teisified that he saw the defendants make several attempts to enter a shoe shop on Seventh avenue, near Bedford avenue, that they opened the shutters of two windows and tried another. The defendants being put on the stand denied the officer's statement. Jury out.

TAYLOR—On Thursday, October 26th, JAMES MADISON TAYLOR, aged 3 years, 7 months and 2 days.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of his parents, Hoboken, Pa., W. P. R. R., THIS MORNING at 10 A. M.

MCKINNEY—At Edgewood Station, P. R. R., Thursday, October 26, at 10 A. M., MARY M., youngest daughter of Matthew and Sarah McWhinney.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her parents, Edgewood Station, P. R. R., TO-DAY at 1:30 P. M. Carriages will leave W. H. Devore's, 104 Grant street, at 12 M.

Trial list for Monday morning, October 27th, 1876, at 4 o'clock, WILLIAM ADAMS, aged 75 years.

The friends of the family are